BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 13, 1866. VOLUME XXXIII---NUMBER 10.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

At the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

EDW. H. WHEELER. JOHN H. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has early expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE.

JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

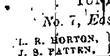
Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,

No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.

Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

HORTON & PATTEN,

DEALERS IN



Pianos, Cabinet Organs, Melodeons, Violins, Guitars & Strings

MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC

TUNING DONE TO ORDER.

No. 7, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

L. R. HORTON, J. S. PATTEN, } BANGOR, ME.
apr 10

NICKERSON & PAINE,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block

(Up two flights of Stairs)

Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. daw

C. A. BAILEY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

OLDTOWN, MAINE.

june 29—d1m w3m*

WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

NO. 105 MIDDLE STREET,

PORTLAND, ME.

Drawings and Models furnished if Required.

July 2—3taw3w

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,

Signal Oil, Coast Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also,

BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE,

Lamp Ware, Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking, &c.

NO. 45 INDIA STREET, BOSTON.

J. A. P. LOTHROP, } J. W. Handy, Traveling Agt.
R. BEARSE, }
H. HUNT, }
N. H. COLTON, General Agent for Bangor.
june23 3taw

PLAISTED & CLARK,

Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law,

BANGOR, MAINE.

—OFFICE—

In the Granite Block, East Market Square,

The same lately occupied by the COLLECTOR of INTERNAL REVENUE. "Stairs to Climb."

Will also attend to business in the Courts of the adjoining counties, particularly Piscataquis county.

H. M. PLAISTED, WHITING S. CLARK,
mch 5—sndf (Times)

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of

BOWEN & JOHNSTON,

for the transaction of the

Ship Chandlery Business.

AT THE OLD STAND

No. 12 Exchange Street.

GEORGE BOWEN. T. K. JOHNSTON.

We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.

march 13 tf

ROBERT TREAT & CO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CORN & FLOUR,

W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.

Nos. 90 Exchange St. Opposite Pen. Exchange

{ROBERT TREAT.
{JOHN STRANGE.

nov7 dt

S. P. BROWN & SON,

Commission Merchants,

465 NINTH STREET,

WASHINGTON D. C.

Particular attention paid to the sale of

ANTHRACITE & CUMBERLAND COAL,

Lumber, Granite, Lime, Cement, Slate, Bricks, Hay, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, &c., &c.

Mercantile Collections made in this city, & through our Correspondents in all parts of the United States. Highest rates of Freight is obtained for Vessels with Despatch.

All Claims against the Government promptly collected.

S. P. BROWN, Late Navy Agent. A. P. BROWN. june 4—6md.

HORATIO PITCHER,

COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,

Harris's Wharf, - - Savannah, Ga.

aug14

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,

Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,

And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,

No. 200 Commercial Street.

F. W. PITCHER, }
H. M. FULLER, }
J. H. FLITNER, } Jan16'66 BOSTON.

PUMP AND BLOCK

MANUFACTORY!

The Subscriber continues to Manufacture

Ship Blocks & Pumps,

Well Pumps made, and warranted to work easy and give satisfaction.

Repairing done in all branches, at short notice.

JOHN C. YOUNG,
No. 73 Broad Street, Bangor.

July.

ATLANTIC, Lisle, and Our Young Folks, for July, rec'd by CHAS. HIGHT.
june 23

BUSINESS CARDS.

WHITE & FOSTER,

DEALERS IN

SHIP STORES,

CHANDLERY,

PROVISIONS & FAMILY GROCERIES,

NOS. 121 and 23 EXCHANGE STREET,

Bangor, Me.

T. H. WHITE. JOHN FOSTER

CROCKERY WARE

At Wholesale.

OUR SPRING IMPORTATIONS have arrived, and we now offer to the TRADE a large stock of White Granite & Common Ware

At LOWEST PRICES.

Also, a large assortment of

Glass Ware, Kerosene Goods,

Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Cutlery and Fancy Ware.

SELLING LOW AT NO. 1 MAIN STREET.

RICKER & IRELAND.

April 14—tf

COTTON DUCK,

CHAINS, ANCHORS, &c.

THE subscribers, manufacturers and sole agents for the sale of "LAWRENCE" and "OLD COLONY" Cotton Duck and Twine, now have a full assortment on hand; likewise,

300 Pieces Cotton Ravens Duck,
20 Bales 3 and 3 thread Flax Sail Twine,
20 Bales Stout and Light Russia Ravens Duck,
500 Coils Hall's Russia Bolt-rope,
100 Pieces English Anchor Bunting, asst'd colors,
100 Chain Cables, 2¼ in. to 1¼ in.,
100 Tons Coil Chain, 3-16 in. to 1⅛ in.
Warranted American Anchors.

For sale at 13 & 25 Commercial St., Boston.

HEARING, THACHER & CO.

may 5—d3m*

Picture Frame Maker,

and Burnish Gilder.

WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call, and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying that my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

☞ Old Frames re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames in every variety made to order, as cheap as any shop in Bangor.

☞ Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side.

WM. TODD'S
Gilding Establishment.

June 25, 1864—tf

Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership under the name and style of HARRIS & CONNER, for the purpose of carrying on the

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocery & Provision Business.

We have taken the old stand lately occupied by GEO. W. MANTON, and are prepared to deliver Goods in any part of the city. Will pay particular attention to business, and hope to receive a liberal share of patronage.

T. M. HARRIS,
E. P. CONNER.

june 9

DIRIGO!

The well known Stallion DIRIGO will stand for a limited number of Mares at PENOBSCOT at HATHAWAY'S STABLE. Terms, $75 to warrant, $50 for the season. For further information, apply at the office of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY, Pickering Square.

TWO IMPORTED HORSES for draft stock, weighing 1350 and 1425 (the best stock in Maine) will stand for the service of Mares at the stable of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY. Terms, $20 to warrant, $15 for the season. Payable in advance.

J. & G. G. HATHAWAY.

may 18

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of DOLE & FOGG, for carrying on the PLANING MILL BUSINESS.

Planing, Tonguing, Grooving and Sawing Executed in the best manner and at short notice.

Also kept constantly on hand all kinds of

Long and Short Dry Lumber.

FOR SALE,

Clapboards, Planed and Fitted to Order.

ALSO FOR SALE,

MOULDINGS AND GUTTERS,

Constantly on hand.

The works being situated on the wharf near the Maine Central Rail Road Depot, offer great inducement to shippers of Lumber, as the expense of trucking and wharfage is saved.

Ship Knees Planed to Order

JIG SAWING done at short notice.

JOHN DOLE, H. H. FOGG.

Bangor, April 5, 1866. 3tisw3m w3m

J. P. BASS

HAS TAKEN THE AGENCY OF

Barrett's Dye House,

The Best in this Country.

ALL KINDS OF GOODS CLEANSED and COLORED. Kid Gloves Cleansed and Colored.

☞ Customers leaving Goods to be colored will only be charged the regular Boston rates.

april 25—

CHOICE TEAS!

Rio & Java Coffee,

Sugar of all kinds,

Clear & Mess Pork,

Corn, Meal & Flour,

Syrup and Molasses,

Soaps,

Spices of all kinds,

And a General Assortment

—OF—

GROCERIES

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Chas. G. Wilson & Co.,

May 24 117 EXCHANGE ST.

Musical Instruments

FOR SALE AND TO LET,

AT THE

Late Employment Store, Main Street.

Mrs. L. M. Webber,

AGENT.

June 8—tf

BANGOR HOUSE;

Main Street, Bangor, Maine,

O. M. SHAW, - - - - - - - Proprietor.

☞ The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House daily, for all parts of the country. Oct. 18.

AFTER THIS DATE, the style of this firm will be known as DOLE BROTHERS.

WILLIAM B. DOLE. J. ALBERT DOLE

Bangor, June 11th, 1866.

FURNITURE,

Looking Glasses & Mattrasses

DOLE BROTHERS,

NO. 30 HAMMOND STREET

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Parlor and Chamber Suits,

Of All Descriptions,

SPRING BEDS, SOFAS, LOUNGES,

Centre & Extension Tables, Whatnots, Bureaus,

SINKS, BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, &c. &c.

Ship Wheels, Counting & School Room Furniture and all kinds of Cabinet Work made to order.

SAWING AND TURNING DONE TO ORDER.

Having secured the services of an Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all work in that line with neatness and despatch.

Mattrasses of all Kinds

on hand and made to order, also refilled with Hair, Husks or Excelsior.

June 12th, 1866.

Family School at Gorham.

Rev. Geo. A. Perkins,

FORMERLY a Missionary of the A. B. C. F. M. and recently a teacher in Robert College, Constantinople, having purchased the estate of the late Rev. Dr. Adams, in Gorham, Me., proposes to open a family School for boys at that place. A short term of ten weeks will commence on the 8th of August next. Afterwards there will be two terms a year, nineteen weeks each.

Mr. and Mrs. Perkins have had experience in teaching, and they hope to make a pleasant home for their pupils. For particulars address the Principal.

References—Editor of the Christian Mirror, J. W. Perkins & Co., Portland; the Professors in the Theological Seminary, Bangor, Rev. Geo. W. Field, and Rev. Daren Bangor; Revs. Woods and Prof. Wm. Smyth, A. S. Packard, J. B. Edwall, and Gen. J. L. Chamberlain, of Bowdoin College; Rev. J. E. Adams, Searsport, and Rev. Stephen Thurston, D. D.

june 20—3taw3w

Bangor Commercial College

And Telegraph Institute,

Lewis Block, - - Main St., Bangor,

A Link in the Great American Chain.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN here acquire a Practical Business Education.

For *Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness* and *Economy* this Institution stands unsurpassed.

The *Telegraph Department* is in charge of an accomplished sound operator, and is in successful operation, having five stations.

For further information, call at College Rooms, or address

Worthington, Warner & Smith.

april 3—3taw

Paints, Oils,

Drugs, Medicines,

Window Glass & Dye Stuffs.

Crafts & Williams,

NOS. 5 and 6 COMMERCIAL WHARF,

may 14—3taw3m BOSTON.

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

ENGLISH & AMERICAN

TABLE CUTLERY,

IN BANGOR,

FOR SALE NOW BY

Fogg & Bridges.

may 15

STODDARD'S

CHOLERA SPECIFIC,

A SURE PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentry, Summer Complaints, Pain in the Stomach and Bowels, &c.

Its action is IMMEDIATE and EFFICACIOUS. Its virtues have been tested by thousands since the Cholera season of 1849. Physicians USE and RECOMMEND it. All admit it to be the BEST COMPOUND KNOWN for the complaints for which it is designed.

STODDARD & BURTON, Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

J. WEBSTER & CO., Nashua, N. H.,
Travelling Agents.

may 14—3md&w

Geofray's Hair Renovater,

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!

Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!

Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is WARRANTED!

ITS SALE in the Bangor market has increased, in less than one year, from *One Gross* to more than *Three Thousand Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle, and prove for yourself the fact that it is the *BEST ARTICLE* ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

☞ REMEMBER! that it is put up in pint bottles, and is WARRANTED.

For sale by C. F. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Mann & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor—and sold by Druggists every where.

J. L. GIORRAY.

☞ For sale at WILLIAMS' TONSORIAL COLLEGE, Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

Rockland, Oct. 21, 1865 d&w

Molasses!

JUST RECEIVED—100 HHDS. and TIERCES, Choice Muscovado and Clayed

MOLASSES.

—ALSO—

Sugars, Teas, Pork, Lard, Fish, Salt, &c

At wholesale only, at AYER & WEED'S, 116 and 118 Broad St., Bangor.

april 20

2000 Gallons

EX. WINTER LARD,

OLIVE, ELAINE AND

LUBRICATING OILS,

Now arriving at

121 EXCHANGE ST.

Blood & Rowe.

June 1

ATTENTION SOLDIERS!!

IMPORTANT LAW!

Extra Pensions,

Additional Bounties

Perkins & Stevens,

LEGALLY AUTHORIZED

U. S. War Claim Agency,

Office - - No. 1 Main St.

INVALID SOLDIERS, OFFICERS & SEAMEN, are entitled under the *NEW LAW* to an increase of Pension from

$8 to $25 per month,

For the loss of a hand or foot, or for wounds or other disability equal to such loss. Also increase of Pension for other claimants.

Equalization of Bounties!

Come early, and secure your claim for additional Bounty. No charge for services unless successful.

☞ Information and advice free.

Claimants can apply by letter or in person.

Perkins & Stevens,

Army & Navy Claim Agents,

NO. 1 MAIN STREET,

june 30 BANGOR, ME.

Pensions!---Bounty

(NEW LAW!)

Important to all Soldiers!

PENSIONS INCREASED.

I AM AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO OBTAIN an *INCREASE* of Pension from

$8 to $15 Per Month,

For *every* Soldier who lost a *hand* or *foot* in the army, or who is disabled by wounds or sickness equal to the loss of a *hand* or *foot.*

Also—An *INCREASE OF PENSION* for other classes, and for dependent *fathers* and brothers. Full information given by calling on the subscriber.

BOUNTIES EQUALIZED!

This Law has passed the House and will here be a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, shall have their just due.

☞ Apply early, either in person or by letter at the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of

C. P. BROWN,

June 18th, 1866.—d&wtf *BANGOR.*

PENSIONS!

AND BOUNTY!

Soldiers, and all others Interested,

BE NOT DECEIVED!

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AGENTS for the United States Government to obtain for Increased Pension and Additional Bounty, in all cases under the NEW LAWS, at legal rates. *No extra charges.*

Soldiers who have lost a hand or a foot, or who have received any other disability equal to the loss of a hand or a foot, are now entitled to a pension of

$15.00 PER MONTH!

Special attention given to obtaining Pensions for dependent Fathers and Mothers. In these cases we generally regarded so difficult to Claim Agents never fail to obtain a certificate where there is a just claim.

☞ All letters of inquiry promptly answered.

☞ Apply early either by letter or in person, at the *New War Claim Agency* of

Perkins & Smith,

(LATE WITH C. P. BROWN)

No. 2½ West End Kenduskeag Bridge,

june 28 *BANGOR.*

B. H. MACE,

Licensed by Government to Procure

PENSIONS,

Arrears of Pay and Bounty,

AND PRIZE MONEY

—FOR—

Maine Soldiers.

NEW PENSION ACT.

MR. MACE is also procuring $25, $20 and $15 per month for those entitled to increased pensions under the new act, and

PENSIONS FOR DEPENDENT FATHERS,

the same as mothers, and

EQUALIZATION BOUNTY PAPERS

Are being prepared by him that his clients may have their money soon as possible, when legally entitled to the same.

Office No. 4, Wheelwright & Clark's Block,

june 26 BANGOR.

HAYING TOOLS.

NEW LONDON Double Refined SCYTHES.
Do. do Cast Steel Steel Back do.
Do. do German do do do.
Joseph Cummings & Co's

Cast Steel Scythes,

Dunn Edge Tool Co.'s

Cast Steel Scythes,

Patent Snaths, Plated Snaths,

Two and Three Bowed Rakes of all the best makes and qualities.

Two and Three Tined Hay Forks.

Premium Scythe Stones, Common do., Bishop' Scythe Sharpeners, &c., &c.

For sale at wholesale and retail, at Factory Prices, by

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ,

139 and 141 Exchange Street,

June 21 Bangor, Me.

THE PLACE TO BUY

FANS, FANCY GOODS,

Trimmings and White Goods,

—ALSO—

Best Sewing Machine in the Market,

IS AT THE

Employment Store,

No 6 Union Block, Main St.

june 29

Rockland Lime,

500 CASKS ROCKLAND LIME on hand.—Fresh lots received weekly. For sale by ROBT. TREAT & CO.

June 26—3m Opposite Pen. Exchange.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1845.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	Daily.
For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the same week's continuance,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	75
For half-square, one week,	1 00
For one square, in Weekly, three times, each week's continuance,	1 25
For one square, in Weekly, three times, each week's continuance,	1 50
SPECIAL NOTICES $2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance	25

COURSE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week* one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

Resignation of Postmaster General Dennison—Later from Europe—The War on the Continent—A Battle in which Both Sides Claim Victory—The Hanovrian Army Surrenders to the Prussians—The Austrians Claim a Victory.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.

A meeting was held this morning in pursuance of the call of the Mayor, to take into consideration the best means of relieving the suffering people of Portland, Me., and adopted a resolution to telegraph east for information on which to base further action.

Harvesting is progressing rapidly throughout the State, and it is believed that the crops will exceed those of any former year.

Four ships are loading with breadstuffs for Europe.

NEW YORK July 12.

The Tribune's Washington despatch says, positively, Postmaster General Dennison this evening resigns the place he holds in the Cabinet. His successor is not named.—There are reasons for supposing Secretary Harlan will soon follow his example.

Headquarters of the Army,
Adjutant General's Office,
Washington, July 1.

General Order No. 44:

Department, District and Post Commanders, in the States lately in rebellion, are hereby directed to arrest all persons who have, or may hereafter, be charged with the commission of crimes and offences against officers, agents, citizens and inhabitants of the United States, irrespective of color, in cases where the civil authorities have failed, neglected or unable to arrest and bring such parties to trial and to detain them in military confinement until such time as the proper judicial tribunal may be ready and willing to try them.

A strict and prompt enforcement of this order is required.

By command of Lieut. Gen. Grant.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

General Francis Fessenden has been assigned as Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau in Maryland, vice Gen. J. H. Stannard, resigned, and confirmed Collector of Burlington, Vt.

LEAVENWORTH, July 11.

The Indian Council at Fort Laramie has broken up. It was a complete farce, the Indians refusing to make peace unless the troops and travel are withdrawn from their hunting grounds.

SANDY HOOK, July 12.

The royal mail steamship Persia, from Liverpool June 30, via Queenstown July 1st has passed this point.

Latest via Queenstown—

London, July 1. The Great Eastern, with the Atlantic telegraph cable, left Medway at noon, on the 30th of June, for Bear Haven direct. The laying of the cable will commence on the 10th inst.

The war news is rather conflicting, but late despatches from Berlin claim decisive and important victories for the Prussians.

Of the affair of the 27th, near Skalitz Vienna despatches claim a victory, and assert that the Prussian defeat was complete. On the other hand Prussian accounts are directly contrary, and claim that the Austrians were driven back and pursued by the Prussians.

Berlin despatches of June 20th say the Austrians were defeated on the 27th and 28th, near Nachod, by the 1st army corps, and on the 29th at Frankenan, by the corps of Life Guards, and of Munchenzrantz, by Prince Frederick Charles.

At Frankenan the Austrians are said to have lost from 3000 to 6000 killed and wounded, and the Prussians about 1000.—At Munchenzrantz the Austrian losses are stated at 2000.

The Prussians claim to have captured 8000 prisoners, numerous trophies, guns, &c.

The Crown Prince of Prussia reports that in his engagement he had 22 battalions opposed to twenty-eight battalions of Austrians.

The Hanoverian army, on the 29th, surrendered at discretion to the Prussians. The officers retained their side arms. The men were dismissed to their homes.

The whole Federal army at at near Frankfort were on the march, and a battle was anticipated.

The Italians have changed their plan of operations.

There had been no further collisions in Italy. Garibaldi was at Lake Idio.

The English Parliament adjourned until July 2, at the request of Earl Derby, who is forming a Cabinet. He sought to obtain the support of the leading whigs and liberals who have acted against Earl Russell's government, but failed, and a pure conservative ministry is expected.

The following is the latest official Austrsad telegram relating to the fighting on the 28th:

Pardubitz, June 29—The Prussians yesterday were completely defeated by the Austrian forces, under Gablentz, leaving behind one third of their army killed and wounded. They withdrew to Prussian territory, towards Glatz. After occupying Jicier yesterday, the Prussians were attacked by the cavalry division of Gen. Edelshien.

They were driven out of Jicier and repulsed towards Turnan. In consequence of the defeat the Prussians last night evacuated Melink, Danba, and Lerpa, and withdrew in great haste to Melmes. The Prussian losses by Gen Edelshien's attack were enormous.

The strategetic operation of the Austrians was completely successful. The junction of Prince Frederick Charles with the army of Silesia was prevented.

The Austrian losses in the battles of the last three days are estimated at scarcely 2000 killed and wounded. The Prussian loss is at least equal.

A royal decree calls out the reserves of the Portuguese army.

A large additional number of sergeants implicated in the recent military revolt have been shot at Madrid.

Two newspaper offices, the Progress and Democratic, have been closed by the Government.

The London Times says it is difficult to bring the Austrians and Prussians to agree as to the final result of the affair at Skalitz. The Austrians there no doubt had the best of the encounter, though the advantage they obtained is by no means decisive.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 10.

The old 74-gun ship Delaware, one of the vessels sunk at Gosport Navy Yard at the outbreak of the rebellion, has been got afloat. She will be cut, for the purpose of obtaining the immense amount of copper and iron contained in her.

NEW YORK, July 12.

Rio Janeiro advices of June 8th state that that the allies have gained a fresh victory over the Paraguayans, who lost 7000 killed and wounded, 6 guns and 4 flags.

A commercial crisis prevailed at Rio Janeiro. The coffee market was completely paralyzed.

Contemplations of the Fire.

In a Portland letter to The World, the writer indulges in the following contemplations, appropriate to the sad scene of the 4th and 5th of July:

Standing upon these northern heights, upon which some patriotic being, years ago, erected an observatory which commands a noble view of the city and harbor, the stranger, three days ago, would have gazed down upon one of the prettiest pictures of what may be called rural urbanity which our country had to show, since the red hand of War did for Columbia and Charleston what the white hand of Peace has now emulated here. Many of the houses of Portland were of the type which Hawthorne has immortalized in his pictures of that quaint and quiet old city of Salem—large square houses of wood set in frame-works of verdure, ample, with a modest dignity, and an air of substantial comfort which it rejoiced the heart to see. Others, as I have said, were of a more modern and artistic fashion. In amphitheatric masses you saw them fringed, shadowed, embowered with their multitudinous and well-grown trees. On either hand the clear blue waters shone, and from them came up the indescribable soothing hum of a busy and prosperous human hive.

To-day, as you look down from these same hills, what a change! The burnt district stands out sharply defined against the flourishing beauty of the rest of the city, a waste as of burning sand, bestridden by the ghastly monuments of the ruin which has come upon it. Nothing is more striking, nothing is more pathetic in the terrible contrast, than the aspect of the hundreds of scathed, and browned, and blackened trees, which rise up throughout the whole district, and seem gazing hopelessly at the happy beauty of their forest fellows which escaped their own fate, as damned souls on the hither side of Styx might gaze on the blest shades in the Elysian meadows beyond. Yes, one thing more pathetic there is to be seen in this dismal panorama. To your left, as you stand on these northern heights, fleeing the city, you see the white tents of a little army. These are the homes of several thousand people, most of whom, three days ago, had a hospitable welcome to offer to their friends, as well as an ample board spread for those of their own household. To-day, the thoughtfulness of Capt. Inman, of the United States Army, stationed here, and the energetic action of their fellow-citizens, offers them, as their refuge from an absolute bivouac under the stars, this encampment of an hour. Hawthorne somewhere protests that Americans ought to live in tents, and that it is a weakness to build and care for any home more permanent than our own changeful hearts, our own transitory lives. The sad-souled poet of New England would scarcely look upon with eyes undimmed, were he living now, with the grim realization of his extravagant whim! For two days and nights the majority of those who are sheltered here had literally no shelter at all. Whole families lay in the church yards huddled under the porches of houses, or bivouacked in the open air. Children wandering from their parents were lost, and have never since been found. The poor, little heap of household goods, snatched from the flames and piled on the sidewalk, became, in many cases, the prey of wandering bands of thieves. Now, with shelter at least above their heads, but hurled in a moment from the sanctities of home into this strange gypsey life, these unhappy people would be suffering not only from the agony of their losses and the uncertainty of the future, but for the downright necessaries of life, were it not for the prompt charity of the other cities and towns of Maine and of New England. It is strange to see, as one sees in this catastrophe, how unsuspected are the dependencies in which we all live and move and have our being. The sea around Portland was as full of fish, the land around it as rich in all things meet for human food on the 5th, as they had been on the 4th of July. But the distributors had been burned out of their haunts and ways, and between the producers and the consumers a great gap yawned that could not be filled. The city was blockaded—is blockaded still by fire. Here are 25,000 people in the heart of our American civilization, and yet see what are their deprivations at this moment! I have no wish to invite upon Portland an invasion from Chatham street, but think of a city, unbeset by foreign foes, in which you cannot print a full newspaper, nor buy yourself a suit of clothes, nor sue your dearest enemy, nor give a gold ring to your dearest friend. There is no place in Portland to-day where one may get a pair of shoes or a lady's slippers; there are no legal blanks to be had, nor can a Bible be bought, nor a monthly magazine, nor a razor to shave yourself withal, nor a tumbler to break the Maine Law with, nor so much as a row of pins. "Can you buy me some pins?" asked of the bright little waiter at the Preble House to-day. "No, sir!" he replied, "but I guess I see more on a thousand dollars worth of pins on the street, day before yesterday. I tell you," he added pensively, "a fellow could have made his riches if he only didn't mind being a thief!"

A good many "fellows" didn't mind being thieves. One may liken the doomed city, after the rage of the fire was spent, to a battle-field after the battle, and the analogy holds good even to the ghouls of plunder prowling over it. Even while the conflagration was still at its height, scores of volunteers, some regular "professionals," more tempted into crime by the lavish scattered fell to work upon the "loot" opportunity, a reckless profusion throughout the vast district over which the flames were sweeping.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT. No arrangement have as yet been made for an extra session of the legislatures of the loyal States, for the purpose of ratifying the constitutional amendment. If the legislature of Tennessee, which was called together in extra session on the 4th, should ratify it, undoubtedly a movement will at once be made throughout the North in the same direction. Thus far, however, a quorum of the Tennessee legislature have not come together, the plan of the rebels being to defeat the ratification by keeping away enough members to prevent the legislature from taking any action. Officers are now searching for absent members. This factious course, it is said, is advised by President Johnson, who is doing all that he can to defeat the amendment.

THE GREAT FIRES ON OIL CREEK. A letter to the Boston Journal, dated July 9th, says:

The telegraph will inform you with the fact of the great fire which occurred on Saturday night at Petroleum Centre. The destruction of the town was complete. Stores, public houses, dwellings, tanks, oil wells, all are in ashes, and the oleagenous fluid filled the creek, as it burst from the tanks and wells, for miles below the town. In every direction the "dippers" were in busy with pails, pans, bowls, shovels, &c., catching the floating fluid, and many of them made a good thing of it for the time being. The loss is variously estimated, but it must be immense in the aggregate, an enormous quantity of petroleum having been burned. The light of the fire was plainly seen fifteen miles distance, and hundreds of families, storekeepers and oil men are to-day without shelter there.

The recent fire at Oil City, on the east side of the creek, was a terrible conflagration—not a store, hotel, dwelling, stable, oil well or shanty having been left on that side of the town, except a few houses high upon "Cottage Hill." But the whole place is now rapidly being rebuilt, and a splendid new iron bridge, across Oil Creek, replaces the old wooden structure—which is a very great improvement. There are no fire engines in this country, and no means to contend with this fearful enemy; if a fire gets fairly started, there is nothing to be done but let it burn, and the results are very safe from time to time, as well as ruinous often to many a citizen.

At Pithole City there have also recently occurred two or three fearful conflagrations, by which hundreds of thousands of dollars value in oil and buildings have been destroyed; and these fires have been so frequent and so ruthless, that no insurance can now be had, in any reliable company, upon property, in this combustible region.

THE RESIGNATION OF THE ENGLISH MINISTRY is an event of which we were all prepared to hear. Indeed it would not have surprised us at any time since the Reform Bill was introduced. The most striking fact, and one on which the English journals have dwelt, is that while it has been necessary to discuss the reform question with considerable apparent earnestness in the House of Commons, comparatively little interest on the subject is manifested by the people. The bill has from the beginning been fought most effectively by Whigs, who might have been expected to support it. While the whole tendency of events is certainly in the direction of reform, some time must elapse before the franchise can be much extended, and probably a yet longer time before the seats can be re-distributed. The Times well says that in attempting this latter work, the Cabinet had to lead their forces to the assault not of a Quadrilateral, but of fifty ancient strongholds, all bound together by a tie of a common interest. Every borough that was to lose a seat was of course pledged against the bill.

It would not answer to dissolve Parliament in the present delicate state of continental affairs. We may expect to hear by the next steamer that Earl Derby has been charged with the formation of a new ministry. It is thought that he will not venture to try. It is thought that he will not venture to form a pure Tory cabinet, but will offer seats to some of the Whigs who voted with the Tories against the Reform Bill. D'Israeli, Cranborne, Bulwer Lytton and Hugh Cairns, the Times says, will of course be in the Cabinet. Lord Stanley is prominently mentioned for the Foreign Office. It will be no easy task for Derby to frame a cabinet which will be supported by this Parliament. The Whigs and Liberals have a clear majority, and will be likely before many weeks to show their power in some decisive vote. The latest indications are that England is so resolved to maintain neutrality in this war, that she will not be dragged into it even by a Derby ministry.—[Providence Journal.

PRUSSIA REORGANIZING NORTHERN GERMANY. All Northern Germany being now placed under the control of this government, a circular note has been addressed to the States which voted for it at Frankfort, inquiring whether they will lend a helping hand in carrying through the Bismarck proposal of Federal Reform. As an earnest of their good intentions, they are likewise called upon to place their forces under Prussian command, recall their representatives from the Diet, and despatch special commissaries to Berlin to prepare the convention of a common Parliament. It seems that the various Principalities to which the summons has been directed delay giving a definite answer till military events take a more decided turn, but, unless Prussia is speedily humbled on the battle field, they will all be compelled to give in, and place their ancient independence at the disposal of this youngest and most aspiring of German Powers. With Hanover, Holstein, Saxony and Hesse Cassel virtually annexed—with Coburg, Oldenburg, Anhalt, Brunswick, Walldeck, Altenburg, Renns-Greiz already gained over—the States which have not yet declared for Prussia are so few, and, comparatively speaking, insignificant, that their indecision cannot be of long continuance. Even now, the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, the only potentate of any importance who has not tendered his commission to the Bismarck commands, has informed this government that he will be happy to accord them the support of his troops in the present campaign. What he objects to is the entering into any permanent engagements, more especially of a parliamentary tendency. Hamburg and Lubeck are steering in the same course, fearing the Emperor's revenge in case he should be victorious. The first battle in the Bohemian plains will decide this, as so many other perplexing points.—[Berlin cor. of London Times.

Fifteen wagons have passed through Cottonwood, Kansas, eastward bound, carrying seventeen families, making about eighty persons, big and little, who have deserted Brigham Young's quarters. Among the pilgrims was one Dr. Bates, a man of considerable notoriety, who has served Mormondom for thirty-two years. He has been Chief Clerk of the Twelve Apostles at Nauvoo, Ill., and while at Salt Lake he was one of Brigham Young's secretaries.

The Union League of Philadelphia presented a gold medal weighing a pound and a half to Gen. Meade on the Fourth. It bears a likeness of the recipient, and the inscription, "The victor of Gettysburg, the deliverer of our State, the faithful soldier of our country."

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETOR

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1866.

UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR.

Gen. J. L. CHAMBERLAIN

For Representatives to Congress.

1st Dist.—JOHN LYNCH, Portland.
2d Dist.—SIDNEY PERHAM, Paris.
3d Dist.—JAMES G. BLAINE, Augusta.
4th Dist.—JOHN A. PETERS, Bangor.

What General Chamberlain Says.

All must unite in *demanding security for the future*. We must have guarantees good and sufficient against any future attempt to destroy this Government whether in the exercise of a pretended right by open war or BY MORE ARTFUL AND INSIDIOUS ASSAULTS against the principles on which this Nation was founded. These are points we cannot yield without danger and dishonor; and WHEN THE SOUTHERN STATES SHALL HAVE COMPLIED WITH THOSE CONDITIONS IN GOOD FAITH, they will be in a condition to ask association and fellowship with the loyal commonwealths of the country which they deserted with such violence and scorn. UNTIL THAT TIME, in my judgment, it is wise to hold them in strict probation.

THE JOHNSON DEMOCRATIC PARTY. It is now quite clear that the party of Mr. Johnson is to be composed—1st, of the rebels of 1861—2d, of the Northern copperheads and a portion of those democrats who supported the government during the war, but were never free soil men nor opposed to slavery per se—and 3d of such Union men and papers as can be seduced into abandoning their principles, by the love of office or the desire of public patronage. It is also becoming very probable that the "Democratic party" will abandon its organization and go in bodily for Johnson's "National Union" party, otherwise speaking the party which is in favor of permitting the rebels again to get possession of the government, and which is willing to risk having Republicanism overthrown and slavery re-established, rather than have Congress impose any conditions on the South. This is as it should be. "Let all who think alike act together." The people will know how to judge of the candidates of a party which is mainly composed of rebels and copperheads. The "democracy" cannot hide its infamy by any fusion with Johnsonism. Its leaders will be recognized just as easily under any other name—and will cause the condemnation of any party with which they associate themselves.

The Tribune in speaking of the new Johnson party, says it has collected the opinions of the press upon the proposed Johnson convention. Those journals which wished success to the rebellion very generally favor it; the other sort quite as generally condemn it. Beside the N. Y. Times and the Buffalo Commercial, no journal in New York which supported Lincoln and Hamlin in 1860 or Lincoln and Johnson in 1864, now favor the Randall Convention. Only one paper of influence in New England that ever pretended to support Lincoln, the Newburyport Herald; and that has for years been assiduously doing the work of the enemy. Of the thousand and more journals which supported Lincoln's re-election, not more than two favor this bolt, while the implacably rebel press almost unanimously commend it. This suffices to show that the Bolters' Convention will neither reorganize nor disorganize the Union Party.

WHAT CONGRESS SHOULD DO. There is not much doubt that President Johnson intends to claim and exercise the right of "removal" as soon as Congress adjourns, in order to force or intimidate Union office-holders into the support of his new democratic rebel party and abandon the great Union party which saved the country in the recent war. We believe that not many will be found thus to sacrifice principle to pelf—but it is not for that reason any less the duty of Congress to protect those who now hold offices against removal for *such* a cause. Congress or the Senate should remain in session so that there shall be no recess until the 4th of March at least, unless it is possible by some legislative action, passed over the veto, to take away from the President the power of removal for mere opinion sake during the recess, which the Constitution never designed him to have. It is perfectly clear that the Constitution contemplated that *the Senate should be as much a part of the appointing power as the President himself.*—The language is explicit in this respect. It says (Art. 2, Sec. 2): "He shall nominate and, *by and with the advice and consent of the Senate*, appoint ambassadors, other public "ministers and consuls, Judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the "United States." And in the next clause it goes on to say, "The President shall have "power to fill up all vacancies that may *happen* during the recess of the Senate, by "granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session."

This last form has been grossly misconstrued and abused ever since Jackson's time. It is clear as daylight that the Constitution never contemplated giving the President the power of *removal* during the recess in order to *make* vacancies—and it is certainly the duty of Congress to protect that abuse from going further. The people desire and demand that Congress shall either take some effective action to prevent the continuance of this abuse, or else remain in session.—Other considerations may render the latter the safest course for the country.

GOOD EVIDENCE AGAINST "MY POLICY". It is truly a significant fact, as the Lewiston Journal says that none of the prominent Union men of the South favor the President's "reconstruction" policy. Among the opponents of that policy the names of Representative Maynard, Stokes, Gov. Brownlow and Senator Fowler of Tennessee, Gov. Holden of North Carolina, and Gov. Hamilton of Texas, instantly recur. If these men are not familiar with the condition of the South and its needs, then no person can give competent testimony upon the state of affairs in the section to which they belong. It is conclusive against the course of the Administration that the unmistakable Unionists of the former slave States condemn it as only fostering treason and rendering loyalty odious. The whole Union party of Tennessee to which President Johnson once belonged, is now arrayed against him—a fact that carries with it its own lesson.

POLITICAL. Gen. Ben. Lefevre is the Democratic candidate for Secretary of State in Ohio, while Col. Key, formerly of Gen. McClellan's staff, runs on the same ticket for Supreme Judge. It will be remembered that Col. Key was dismissed by President Lincoln for disloyal language.

—Senator Cowan, of Pennsylvania will retire on the 4th of March next—his re-election not being contemplated by any party. The Union candidates for his seat already suggested are Gen. Simon Cameron, John W. Forney, and Galusha A. Grow. Thaddeus Stevens has been solicited to be also a candidate, but has not yet consented. At all events, there is a moral certainty that the representation of Pennsylvania in the Senate will be improved by her next Legislature.

—Gen. Logan, in a recent speech at Cairo, Illinois, took strong ground in favor of the Congressional plan of reconstruction.

—The Democratic platform has but one plank, and that is, "Follow your leaders!" The leaders are, of course, "high-toned" Southern gentlemen. When they wanted to get out of the Union, the Democratic press thundered, "Let them go!" Now they are anxious to get into Congress without waiting for the necessary conditions, the same press shrieks, "Let them come in!"

—The Springfield Republican says:

The Democrats sweep into the support of the Philadelphia Convention with enthusiastic unanimity. They could not resist the temptation, and, after a week's coyness, yield their virtue, and go to bed with Seward, Thurlow Weed, Governor Randall & Co. All their papers, even the New York News, the open northern organ of the rebels, urge the acceptance of the Johnson-Randall leadership by their party, and the joining of the seceders from the Republican party in sending delegates to the convention.

Though they start behind and are as followers, they can well see that their numbers will bring them consideration and control by and by.

—The La Crosse Democrat, one of the leading papers of the Democratic party in Wisconsin, illustrates its principles by the following attack on Gen. Grant:

All, but old dog of Galena, your teeth are gone, and as the age of miracles has passed away, you are not likely to grow a new set right away. What an aspiration for the man by whose orders the torch swept the fair land and beautiful Shenandoah! Nero fiddling, dancing and reveling over the wreck of burning, did not ask for another Rome to satiate his passions; but Gen. Grant, who planned deeds and caused, by his agents, horrors at which the civilized world stood aghast, is dissatisfied because the war did not last a year longer, that he might have used the persuasive agencies of the torch, rope, pillage and murder upon portions of the South still unvisited.

—Gov. Orr of South Carolina, in his proclamation appointing meetings for the choice of delegates to Johnson's National Convention, complains that the loyalty of South Carolinians is distrusted "in the face of our oaths of allegiance"—as if these same oaths had not been broken over and over again.

—The Mozart Hall Democrats—Fernando Wood's wing of the party—have, as a matter of course, resolved to support the movement.

—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says that the project of a recess of Congress for a longer or shorter period is again talked of. If an adjournment takes place a joint committee will be left here to manage political matters.

—The Washington Chronicle says that Colonel Stokes has had news from Nashville to the effect that a quorum had met in the State Senate and would probably ratify the amendment, and that there were fifty-two of the fifty-six members in the House, the forty persons wanting being expected to arrive within a day or two. Of these fifty-six forty-five are true Union men, so that unless Andrew Johnson can secure enough to make another "bolt," Tennessee will be among the first to ratify the amendment to the National Constitution.

—Congress has as much *right* to insist" upon impartial suffrage before southern members are admitted, as the President had to "insist upon the abolition of slavery, or the repudiation of the confederate debt—just as much.—[Whig.

The stupidity of the above is almost incredible. * * * It so confounds the relations of the federal government and a portion of its territory in time of peace with those which existed during the prevalence of a formidable insurrection that the antidote gone with the poison.—Times.

Our neighbor undertakes, as we suppose he would, to draw a distinction between the present time and a year ago, when the President required the late rebel States to abolish slavery before admission. We deny, however, that peace now prevails any more than it did then. We have asked the Times to point out the authority in the Constitution for President Johnson's proclaiming peace and rebel restoration without the concurrence of Congress. It has not yet noticed the request.

Speaking of another statement of the Whig, our amiable neighbor says:

This is a diabolical paragraph. Diabolical, because it completely reverses the attitude we have assumed on this subject from the very first. We have persistently advocated a "constitutional amendment reducing Southern representation," so that a strong "moral" motive might be given the South for impartial suffrage. In order that our position may be fully comprehended, we will here say that we are in favor of a constitutional amendment incorporating the principle of impartial suffrage without any proviso whatever.

We are aware that you have advocated such an amendment; but must repeat again that your advocacy is, in our opinion, worse than was Ensign Stebbins' advocacy of the Maine Law, so long as you are willing to admit rebel States to representation without it. We consider your position as in reality *opposed* to such an amendment—call this diabolical or not, as you please. Everybody knows that the South will not reduce its own representation voluntarily.

The Albany Journal says the investigation into the conduct of Gen. Kilpatrick, Minister to Chili, shows that there is no truth in the shameful charges made by the newspapers against him.

ACTION OF REPUBLICAN MEMBERS. A despatch to the 11th says that a caucus of Republican members of Congress was held at the Capitol on that evening, Gen. Banks presiding. There was a large attendance of members of the House, and but comparatively few Senators. The first thing done was to enjoin secrecy with regard to their proceedings; but notwithstanding this, it has transpired that there was a full and free interchange of views upon the questions before Congress and the interests of the party. General the remarks all tended to the conclusion that they could not now fix the time for the adjournment of Congress. It was finally concluded to appoint a committee of Senators and Representatives to review the entire ground, and recommend what measures should be passed by Congress, or, in other words, some systematic course of action preliminary to agreeing upon a time for adjournment. Their report is to be made at another meeting.

A rumor prevails that Postmaster General Dennison had resigned, but nobody could be found to give authority for it.

A DISGUSTED BURGLAR. The Philadelphia Gazette gives an account of a burglar in that city, who, during the heated term, when the occupants were away, succeeded in breaking into a pretentious house, almost under the nose of the police. He found a richly furnished hall-way and parlor, but as he did not care about stealing pianos and sofas, he ascended to the domitories where he found bare floors, wretched bedding, and everything, excepting the curtains to the windows indicating the most miserable attempt at parlor ostentation with less refinement than would be found in the house of an ordinary mechanic. The thief turned from the place in utter disgust, and when leaving defaced the lid of a piano and broke open the doors of a cabinet, to inform them that he had been there.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Female Compositor.

A Female Compositor who can set Manuscript and have a good proof, can have permanent employment at this office. june 25—sa2w

Fenian Sisterhood.

The members of the Fenian Sisterhood are requested to meet THIS (Friday) EVENING, at their Hall, at ½ o'clock, for special business.

july13 By order of the Directress.

Ladies and Gentlemen

Will find a very large and complete assortment of every description of Boots and Shoes, made in fashionable style, of the best materials, at the extensive Boot and Shoe Store of T. E. MOSELY & CO., Summer St., Boston.

Scorched but not Burned!

Forest City Dye House all Right.

All kinds of goods COLORED, as usual. Work *warranted*. Bring in your Kid Gloves and have them colored.

Dwelley & Co., Agents,

No. 6 MAIN STREET, Under the Hatch House.

july13 1mos

Excursion to Portland.

The Steamer LADY LANG, Capt. A. Whitman, and Steamer REGULATOR, Capt. J. A. Blanchard, will make an EXCURSION TO PORTLAND, EACH DAY THIS WEEK, leaving Bangor every morning, at 5 o'clock, arriving at Portland at ½ o'clock P. M.

Returning, will leave Portland same evenings, at 11 o'clock. Fare, half price.

J. O. KENDRICK, Agent.

Bangor, July 11, 1866 (Times)

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Read the following letter from E. Bourne, a well known citizen of Pittsburgh, Pa.

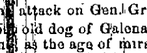
PITTSBURGH, May 10, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith: Gentlemen—During a visit in the West last fall, I contracted chills and fever, which brought me to my bed, and finally terminated in typhoid fever, during which time I was physically so prostrated that I almost despaired of ever recovering my health; having entirely lost my appetite for days, not being able to eat a morsel, added to which I was much distressed with a reeling sensation in my head, and passed many sleepless nights—all from debility caused by my prostrate condition, brought about by the fever. At this stage of my condition a friend recommended me to use your celebrated Stomach Bitters, but being morally opposed to the use of stimulants in any form, I at first, declined, but afterwards yielded to my prejudices, and after taking the medicine for several weeks, as directed, my appetite returned, and with it I am rapidly regaining my former vigor and strength. My sleep (from the loss of which I had suffered much,) has never been better than it is now, and the reeling sensation (before alluded to,) has entirely left me. My bowels, which were much constipated and irregular, are now quite natural, and in fact I am glad to say that I feel myself a new man, and tender you this testimonial of my appreciation of your valuable preparation in order that other suffering as I have may avail themselves of its virtues, which prejudice prevented me from enjoying for so long a period. I may also add that my physician, after seeing the beneficial effect your Bitters had on me, recommended that I use them regularly. Yours, very respectfully,

E. BOURNE, No. 45 Market st.

Jy11 3tawdkw2w

Summer Arrangement, 1866.



DAILY INSIDE LINE,

FOR PORTLAND AND BOSTON!

From Bangor via Portland, the P. S. and P. Boston, and Maine and Eastern R. Road daily (Sundays excepted), at 5 o'clock A. M. From Boston daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clk P. M.

THE Steamer LADY LANG, Capt F. A. PRINCE, and the Steamer REGULATOR, Capt. J. A. BLANCHARD, will form the DAILY LINE as above, leaving Bangor every *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday* morning, at five o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the Penobscot Bay (except Searsport), arriving in Portland in season to take the Cars of the P. S. and P. Railroad Express Train.

From Boston Daily

Cars leave depot of the Boston and Maine R. Road, Haymarket Square, every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday*, at 7 o'clock, P. M., making sure connection with the steamers of this line. Cars leave depot of the Eastern R. Road, Causeway street, Boston, every *Tuesday, Thursday* and *Saturday*, at 7 o'clock P. M., connecting as above.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Boston, by R. Road from Portland, $4.50. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Boston, by steamer from Portland, $4.00. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Portland, $3.00. MEALS EXTRA.

J. O. KENDRICK, Agent.

Bangor, May 17, 1866. sn (Times & Jefferson)as)

E. L. APPLETON,

Teacher of Music, and Instructor of VIOLIN, VIOLONCELLO, GUITAR, and all Stringed Instruments,

june 23—sn1m 74 Main St.—Room 9.

HOOP SKIRTS,

IN ALL STYLES,

FROM THE BROADWAY TRAIL

TO THE

SMALLEST QUAKER,

At TENNEY'S,

July 10—sntf No. 2 Gothic Block.

Dr. Samuel Bradbury

Has removed his office to his residence at the corner of

Upper Stillwater Road and Church Street, Oldtown, June 7th, 1866. sn

Healing the Sick

BY THE LAYING ON OF HANDS.

Doctor G. W. KEITH, Practical Magnetic Physician, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bangor and vicinity, that he has taken room at the "Nichols' House," where he will heal the sick for a few weeks.

All diseases will be treated by his NEW and successful mode of practice without the use of medicine, drugs or painful surgery.

☞ The suffering poor, who are really unable to pay, cheerfully treated without money and without price, on Wednesday of each week.

july6 tw—7tw*

THE

Best Assortment

OF

HOOP SKIRTS,

IN BANGOR,

MAY BE SEEN AT

Colkins & Stanford's,

25 Main Street.

July 9—sn 2w

Piano Forte Tuning!

Read the following recommendation from CHICKERING & SONS, Boston, Mass.

To all whom it may Concern:—

This is to certify that I have this day given my faithful scholar E. Q. NORTON, in the course of Piano Forte Tuning; and now with encouragement from his friends to advance still further, I willingly graduate and recommend him to builders and owners of Pianos, as understanding the art, (of which it is,) and will be faithful to me, his teacher, as we to himself.

L. H. JOHNSON,

Boston, June 12, 1866 with Chickering & Sons.

☞ All orders left at the store of CHARLES HALE, 24 Main Street, for Tuning, Regulating or Toning, will be promptly attended to, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every case. (Residence, 79 Broadway.)

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

E. Q. Norton

July 7, 1866. sndtf—wlm

NOTICE.

The Citizen's Cornet Band of Orono, are prepared to furnish from 1 to 10 pieces of Music for Excursions, Serenade Concerts, Dances, and all other occasions. For further information, apply to WILLARD PSAKS, Leader, Up. Stillwater, or A. MARDEN, Clerk, Orono.

July 7, 1866. sn 2w*

UNITED STATES

Internal Revenue!

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
FOURTH DISTRICT OF MAINE,
BANGOR, July 3, 1866.

In pursuance of Section 23 of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes, approved June 30, 1864, as amended by the Act of March 3, including sections relating to the collection of internal revenue from other acts:"

I hereby give notice that I have received from George S. Bell, Esq., Assessor for the First Collection District of the State of Maine, the annual list of Duties and Taxes assessed by him in the month of May, 1866.

That said Taxes and Duties have become due and payable, and that I will attend at my office in Exchange Block, in the City of Bangor, to receive the same, for the First Division of said District, from the tenth to the thirtieth days of July instant, inclusive.

That for the Second Division of said District, ALBION K. P. GRAY, Esq., Deputy Collector for said Division, will attend at his office at Lincoln, in the County of Penobscot, on each of the days from the 16th to the 31st of July instant, inclusive, to receive the Taxes and Duties assessed within said Division.

That for the Fourth Division, JOHN H. FORD, Esq., Deputy Collector therein, will attend in the County of Aroostook, at Houlton on the 16th and each succeeding day of July, instant, to receive the Taxes and Duties assessed within the County of Aroostook.

And I further give notice that "all persons who shall neglect to pay the Duties and Taxes aforesaid assessed upon them, to the Collector or his Deputies within the time specified, shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof," and that the penalties will be incurred will invariably be enforced agreeably to the provisions of the Act aforesaid and the special instructions of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

☞ *No further notice of the Annual List is required by Law than the foregoing; and all persons are respectfully requested to govern themselves accordingly.*

A. A. WING,
Collector.

july 5—sn

FREDERIC C. JONES

TEACHER OF THE PIANO FORTE.

Address P. O. Box 358, or care of Messrs. DUREN & SON, Hammond Street.

June 29—sn6w

New and Wonderful!

SWEET OPOPONAX!

SWEET OPOPONAX!

SWEET OPOPONAX!

This New and Delicious Perfume, made from the sweet Oponax of Mexico, is now for sale only at the

Bangor Botanic Drug Store,

june 20—sn 3taw—2m No. 1 Granite Block.

USEFUL AND IMPORTANT!

CATLIN & FREESE'S

Improved Fire and Water Proof

CEMENT!

The best article ever invented for mending Broken Glass, China, Crockery Ware, &c.

Wholesale and retail Agent

H. F. BRADBURY.

And for sale by Dealers generally.

june 14—sn3taw—3m

DR. BICKNELL'S SYRUP!

The Great Cholera Remedy,

Also, *Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaints Pain or Cramp in Stomach or Bowels, Sick or Sour Stomach, Painter's Colic, &c.*, is warranted to CURE or no pay. Is purely vegetable, without a particle of opiate or narcotic. Is highly aromatic, very pleasant to the taste, built, but sure in its effects, warms and strengthens the system, acts like a charm, affording almost immediate relief, and a taste of the article will satisfy the most incredulous of these facts. Sold by all dealers in medicine. Please send for circular. Try it. Prepared only by EDWARD SUTTON, Providence, R. I. DEMAS BARNES & CO., of New York, General Agents. For sale by B. F. BRADBURY Bangor.

may 11—sn6md

Startling Announcement

Save Your Hair and Preserve Your Beauty.

Why should you lose them when *Peases' Vegetable Hair Renewer* can be applied and save both?—If your hair is faded and gray it will restore it perfectly natural. It will prevent its falling off and promote a new growth. It cleanses the head from diseases of the scalp. It cures extreme cases of sick head-ache. It is the best coloring and dressing combined in the land. No dirt, no smell of sulphur, which is so offensive to yourself and friends. Ask for Pease's, and take no other. Sole agency at the *Bangor Botanic Drug Store.* The trade supplied at lowest terms. June 20—sn 6m

THOMAS J. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square.

june8,'65

MUSICAL.

Mr. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Crommett's Music Store, or at the Bangor House, will receive prompt attention. Pupils in either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the latest and most approved method.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. B. D. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass.

may8

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

Pictures

AT REDUCED PRICES,

AND OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Ferreotypes 25 cts per Dozen.

HIGHLY FINISHED.

PHOTOGRAPHS taken in the highest style of art, and finished in oil, water colors, or India ink.

PORCELAIN or ALBATYPE PICTURES executed with or without colors, and warranted satisfactory.

CARTE DE VISITE all styles, and in a superior manner, colored or plain, to suite the taste of customers.

AMBROTYPES of all kinds and sizes as heretofore.

Superior facilities for copying, and no pains spared to render all work in this department satisfactory, at the old, popular, and well known MARSTON ROOMS, Bowman's Block, two doors from the Whig and Courier office, where I shall be happy to receive all my own patrons who have known me at my former rooms, as also those who have so long known and patronized my present establishment.

The public generally are hereby thanked for former liberal patronage, and are cordially invited to examine my present position for serving them in all the departments of first class picture making, as above. My rooms have of late been enlarged, and now are the most spacious and convenient in the State.

Constantly on hand a large and full supply of Chemicals, Card Cases, and Stock generally, for supplying Operators at the lowest prices.

M. G. TRASK,

No. 3 Bowman's Block,

may 24—sn Bangor, Me.

I OFFER MY HOUSE, NO. 27 FIFTH ST. for sale. It may be examined from 9 to 12 o'clock, A. M., and from 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Bangor, May 28, 1866.—sn E. W. ELDER.

CLOTHING!

J. E. CHAPMAN has just received at No. 6 Strickland's Block, another big stock of CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING, Hats and Caps, Oil and Rubber Clothing, Trunks, Valises, Bags, &c., &c., which he is selling very cheap. Call and see. m25—sn6t

WAR CLAIMS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Promptly collected on the most liberal terms.

By Perkins & Smith,

Office—22 West End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BANGOR, MAINE.

NATHAN L. PERKINS, DANIEL SMITH, JR.

NATHAN L. PERKINS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office as above. may 31—sn

Slowly, Steadily

Successfully,

SMOLANDER'S

EXTRACT BUCKU

IS CURING

Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.

TRY SMOLANDER'S.

Take No Other Bucku,

Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO., and N. SHARLOW, and by Apothecaries generally. Price $1.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass., General Agents.

W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Agent for Maine.

may 7 sn d&wlv

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap.

A superior *Toilet Soap*, prepared from refined *Vegetable Oils* in combination with *Glycerine*, and especially designed for the use of *Ladies* and for the *Nursery*. Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists.

feb 17—sn d&wly

Cholera! Cholera!

Prof. Bonve's Atmospheric Purifier.

This article has been extensively used as a Deodorizing Agent by the governments of Egypt, Turkey and France, during the late Cholera epidemic, and is the most perfect disinfectant extant. It effectually destroys all noxious gases and effluvia arising from decaying animal or vegetable matter, and for purifying Hospitals, Vaults, Drains, Cess-pools, &c., cannot be surpassed.

For sale by all Druggists. WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington street, Boston, General Agents.

may 17—snd2m

Dr. Blaisdell's Office,

22 HARLOW'S BLOCK,

RESIDENCE—59 ESSEX STREET.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 2 TO 5 P. M. mch 2 sn

An Effectual Worm Medicine.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS,

Or Worm Lozenges. Much sickness, undoubtedly with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child.—This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children.

CHILDREN HAVING WORMS require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS IN CHILDREN are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making *Brown's "Vermifuge Comfite"* is such as to give the best possible effect, with safety.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, New York.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines, at 25 cts a box.

may 21—sn—d&wly

Preserve Your Health.

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT and HERB BITTERS,

Are a sure remedy for Liver Complaint, in all its forms, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Headache and Bilious Diseases, General Debility, &c. They cleanse the system, regulate the bowels, restore the appetite, purify the blood, strengthen the body, and thoroughly prepare it to resist disease of all kinds.

Sold by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., 38 Hanover street, and by all dealers in Medicines. june6—sn1m

OTITINE.

This excellent Remedy is an infallible cure for

Deafness, Discharges from the Ear, and NOISES IN THE HEAD.

This wonderful VEGETABLE EXTRACT has been the means of restoring thousands to their hearing, who, after trying everything and every body had given up hoping ever to hear again.

It operates like a charm upon offensive discharges from the EAR, no matter what may have caused it, or how long the disease has been standing.

Noises in the Head disappear under its influence as if by magic. Price $2 00 a bottle. For sale by all druggists. At wholesale by G. C. GOODWIN & CO., No. 38 Hanover Street Boston.

feb 2 sn eod 1y

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours,

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By Sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 26—sn d&wly

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye—Harmless—Instantaneous and Reliable—produces a splendid Black or Natural Brown—removes the ill effects of Bad Dyes, and frequently restores the original color. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed W. A. Batchelor, 81, Barclay street, New York.

may 26 sn d&w—2m

Paints, Oils, Varnishes,

Drugs. Medicines,

AND

DYE STUFFS,

AT WHOLESALE,

By H. F. BRADBURY,

jan 30 sn6m may 30 No. 8 Smith's Block.

All the worst forms of Rheumatism are being daily cured by MACDALPH'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. This wonderful Medicine never fails, and thousands who have suffered excruciating agony for years are instantly relieved and soon cured in a few hours. Sold by all druggists.

june 11—sn 1m

Stanford's Independent Line!

FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL.

Arrangement for the Season of 1866.

The Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. J. P. Johnson, will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY and THURSDAY forenoon, at 10 o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the river and Bay.

RETURNING,

Leaves Foster's Wharf, Boston, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5½ o'clock, P. M., touching as above.

FARE—From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Boston, $4 00; to Lowell $5 00. Meals extra.

Western hazardous freight taken. All freight must be accompanied by a bill of lading in duplicate. LODMIS TAYLOR, Agent

Bangor, April 5, 1866. d&w

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED.

THURSDAY, July 12th.

Brig Fidelia, Stone, Buenos Ayres

Brig Corinna, Marshall, Boston

Brig Mariposa, Staples, Stockton

Sch Erie, Small, New Bedford

Schs Sea & William, Pitchery, Globe, Kendall, and A S W Sewell, Cobb, Boston

Sch Geo Banks, Rider, Newburyport

Sch Ocean Ranger, Bradley, Kennebunkport

Sch Onward, Wardwell, Rockland

Sch Susan Jane, Torrey, Deer Isle

CLEARED:

July 12th—Brigs Romeo, Cribbree, and J H Chance, Wilson, New York; schs Minnie Arnold, Hodgdon, Elkins, C B; D L Miller, White, Norwich, Moses Eddy, Cottrell, Fall River; Baraduce, Connant, Digdon; Mill Creek, Wentworth, Boston; California, Wells, Lynn; Eagle, Day, Salem; Canmore, Smith, Danvers; Gen Rieber, Turner, Salisbury; Helena, Harris, and Frances Ellen, Brown, Newburyport; J B Myers, Rich, Chelsea; Henry Carter, Lynn; Ella, Davis, Portland.

DIED

In this city, July 9th, Peter Welsh, aged 32 yrs.

Stevens, Haskell, & Chase

JOBBERS OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 33 Commercial Street,

july13 may 16—6m* PORTLAND.

For Sale, Freight or Charter.

SCHOONER OCEAN RANGER, now lying at the Ferry Way in Brewer, is for sale, freight or charter. Apply to Samuel S. Miller, near the Toll Bridge, Bangor, or to the Captain, on board.

july 13 3t*

R. G. FAIRCHILD, N. E. HILES.

R. G. FAIRCHILD & CO.,

Groceries & Provisions.

DEALERS IN

Ship Stores and Country Produce,

EXCHANGE STREET,

(Near Penobscot Exchange.)

jy12 3m BANGOR, ME.

Portable Steam Engines.

COMBINING the maximum of efficiency, durability, and economy, with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, and their efficiency is well warranted. Satisfactory or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address

J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,

july12 m Lawrence, Mass.

City of Bangor.

SEALED PROPOSALS for building a Brick and Stone Reservoir, near the Hatch House, will be received at the City Clerk's office until July 20, at 7 P. M. Contents to be 40,000 gallons. Specifications at Clerk's office.

Per order of the Committee.

A. G. WAKEFIELD, Mayor.

July 11 Chairman.

(Times)

Logs at Auction.

THE PRIZE LOGS belonging to the Penobscot Log Driving Association, will be sold at Auction, at the office of the Treasurer of said Association, in Bangor, on SATURDAY, the 14th inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Per order of Directors.

ABRAM MOOR, Treas. P. L. A.

Bangor, July 12, 1866

Flour and Pork.

1000 BBLS. EXTRA STATE, Extra and Double Extra Western FLOUR.

200 Bbls. Choice St. Louis Double Extra FLOUR.

50 Bbls. Boston Clear PORK—just received and for sale by

Ged. W. Ladd & Co.,

July11 No. 6 BROAD STREET.

Boomage Notice.

THE BOOMAGE on Logs rafted at the Penobscot Boom, in the month of June last, is due, and the owners of said Logs are requested to call and settle the same immediately. Six per cent. discount will be made on bills paid on or before the 20th inst.

ABRAM MOOR, Treas. P. L. A.

Bangor, July 9th, 1866 12dch

Purse Found.

CONTAINING A SMALL SUM OF MONEY. Enquire at the Jewelry Store of

J. ELLIS & CO.

july 9 3t 18 Main street.

For Rent.

THE STORE No. 36 CENTRAL STREET, now occupied by the MUTUAL STORE. Possession can be given about the 10th of August.—Apply at the Real Estate Office, No. 12 Central St.

R. S. PRESCOTT.

july 9 1w (Times)

BATHING SPONGES,

AND OTHER KINDS,

At Harlow's,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK.*

TOILET SOAPS.

FRENCH, ENGLISH, and AMERICAN,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

At Harlow's,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK,*

MAGNOLIA WATER!

FLORIDA WATER, Cologne Water, Verbena Water, Lubin's and other Lavender Waters, Glycerine Lotion; Orange Flower Water, Toilet Vinegar; Perfumes of all kinds, at

HARLOW'S

4 Smith's Block.

Cosmetics, Hair Dyes,

ALL KINDS OF HAIR RENEWERS & WASHES, Pomades, Oils, Sachet Powders, Toilet Powders, Rouge and White Flesh Powders, Powder Puffs and Boxes, &c., at HARLOW'S,

july 9 4 Smith's Block.

NEW STAGE LINE

FROM

GUILFORD TO BANGOR!

The Subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has fitted up a NEW STAGE LINE from

Guilford Village to Bangor,

VIA DOVER AND EXETER.

He has also engaged N. C. HERRICK, a well known responsible driver, who will use every effort to accommodate his passengers and customers.

The Stage will leave Bangor every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 6 A. M., passing through Levant, Exeter, Garland, Dover and Foxcroft, arriving at Guilford at 4 P. M.

RETURNING,

Will leave Guilford every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 7 A. M., passing through the above named towns, arriving at Bangor by 4 P. M.

Books kept at the Penobscot Exchange and Hatch House.

Fares as cheap as by any other route.

W. A FRYE, Proprietor.

jy9 1dly

New Room Papers.

A LARGE LOT of new and beautiful papers, just received by July9 D. BUGBEE & CO.

AUCTION!

By J. B. Foster & Co.

SALES ROOM

No. 44 West Market Square.

DWELLING HOUSE.

ON SATURDAY NEXT, at 10 o'clock A. M., the premises the House on Fourth St., owned by R. W. VALLELLE, Esq., and now occupied by Mr. Reed.

This property is so very centrally located, and so desirable a neighborhood as to commend it to any person wishing a genteel residence.

The terms will be liberal.

The owner of this property having no further use for it, and being desirous of disposing of it speedily, is induced to offer it at Public Sale.

A rare chance for any person who wants a home.

July 10

By J. B. FOSTER & CO.

Genteel and Desirable Dwelling House, on Jones' Court.

THE PROPERTY owned and occupied by Lewis Reynolds, on Jones' Court, is offered for sale. A good bargain will be given, if an immediate sale can be effected.

The buildings consist of House, Wood-house and Stable, and are in good repair. The lot is large, and the location desirable. Any person wishing a comfortable home will do well to examine the place. We wish to dispose of it without delay.

july12

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

PURSUANT to a *Venditioni Exponas*, to me directed from the Hon. EDWARD FOX, Judge of the United States District Court, within and for the District of Maine, I shall expose and offer for sale, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder therefor, the following property and merchandize attached on the writ, and taken from said District, as the property of Mattanawcook Log Driving Company, viz:

Sixteen Kegs of Brandy.
Eight Kegs of Whiskey.
Eight Kegs of Alcohol.
Eight Kegs of Gin,
Seven Kegs of

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

Great Fire in Philadelphia.

LOSS $2,000,000.

News from Washington

Reasons for the Resignation of Postmaster General Dennison.

Reported Resignation of Attorney General Speed.

Fenian Roberts Indicted for Violation of Neutrality Laws.

Commencement at Amherst College.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.

A fire this afternoon commenced at the corner of Orchard and Tancony streets in Briggs' dye works, which was totally consumed.

Five dwellings were also consumed, and the Trenton Railroad Bridge over Franklin creek slightly injured.

The dye works were valued at $400,000, and employed several hundred hands. Incendiary; a man was also caught setting fire to another building in the vicinity.

Second Despatch:

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.

Later accounts state that the loss by the fire reach $2,000,000. The mill was known as the Tacony print work, covering two and a half acres, and employed three hundred persons.

Third Despatch:

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.

The entire works destroyed comprised from 12 to 15 buildings. The main building, in which the fire originated, was 350 feet long by 50 feet wide.

The amount of insurance is not yet ascertained.

Two previous attempts had been made to fire this mill.

The establishment was the largest South of New England. Among the stock were large quantities of goods belonging to New York firms, sent there to be printed, none of which were saved.

WASHINGTON, July 12.

It is positively ascertained that Postmaster General Dennison has tendered his resignation to the President. This was done in writing. The reason, as stated by Dennison himself, is a difference of political views. It will be recollected that he was president of the Union Republican Convention which renominated Mr. Lincoln. Never intending otherwise than to adhere to the party whose principles it represented, and as the call for a National Convention at Philadelphia is in antagonism to the organization, there was no other course left to him than to retire from the Cabinet, while his personal relations with the President are undisturbed and friendly.

The separation is entirely because of the conflict of political views.

WASHINGTON, July 12.

Tampico advices of June 25th state that it is impossible that place can hold out much longer against the Liberals, who are only awaiting the arrival of Gen. Rimrod to make the final assault.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.

The Bulletin's special Washington despatch says—

Attorney General Speed has resigned.

NEW YORK, July 12.

The Commercial's Washington despatch says—

It has been ascertained that Leonard Swycke, cashier of the exploded Merchants National Bank, and who is also Treasurer of the Washington & Alexandria Railroad Co, has over issued stock of that Company to the amount of $150,000.

NEW YORK, July 12.

Fenian Roberts has been indicted by the Grand Jury for violation of neutrality laws, and gave bail in $5000.

Three more cases of cholera are reported in this city to-day, none of which are fatal. Three are also reported in Brooklyn, two of which have proved fatal.

AMHERST, Mass., July 12.

The anniversary of the 45th commencement occurred to-day.

Gov. Bullock and suite and many distinguished guests and alumni were present.

The honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred on Chas. G. Clark of Boston, Dwight of Bernardston, Rev Wm K Tucker of Shutesbury, Hon Albert D Richardson, of New York, and Hon Franklin J Stimson, editor of the N Y Times.

The degree of S. T. D. was bestowed on Rev Wm Reer, of Liverpool, Eng., Rev E Walden of South Boston, and Rev Elliston of Fall River.

Samuel D Bowles, editor of the Springfield Republican, has been recently elected to the position of Trustee.

Henry Ward Beecher was also chosen a Trustee of the College.

AUGUSTA, Me., July 12.

The Maine Episcopal Convention today elected Rev. Alex. Burgess, of Portland, was nominated by the clergy as Bishop, but he declined accepting the office, and withdrew his name.

Rev. F. D. Huntington, D. D., of Boston, was unanimously elected Bishop.

WHEELING, Va., July 12.

The constitutional amendment disfranchising rebels, has been adopted by 6922 majority.

AUGUSTA, Me., July 12.

A meeting was held here yesterday to aid Portland sufferers. A subscription was started, and large sums are being raised.

The meeting passed a resolution requesting Gov. Cony to convene the Legislature, recommending that State tax due from Portland for the coming year be remitted.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.

The Bulletin's special Washington despatch says—

Minister Western Metropolis has arrived from Boston.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 12.

The amount raised in this city up to this time for the Portland sufferers amounts to $30,000.

NEW YORK, July 12.

Second Board. Stocks steady. American gold 152½.

U S 10-40 coupons 99.

U S 7-30's 108¼.

U S 5-20s of 1862, 107.

do. 1865, 105.

LOUISVILLE, July 12.

The Steam Engineers' Convention has been in session three days. No results have yet been achieved.

ST. LOUIS, July 11.

Late advices from the Plains report great excitement in the Blue River country, in consequence of the pressure of large numbers of Indians who manifest hostile intentions.

The whites living beyond Blue river are abandoning their houses and crops and moving into the settlements for safety.

The Indians were estimated to be 10,000 strong, and a raid by them from Blue river to Slucky Hill Valley was seriously apprehended.

There were but few troops in the threatened locality.

News from New Mexico reports a hostile feeling among the Indians of that territory, only one tribe being peaceful.

NASHVILLE, July 12.

The State Senate has passed a resolution ratifying the constitutional amendment by a vote of 14 to 6. No quorum in the House reported. Several absentees have been arrested by order of the House. It is believed that intense opposition to ratification tends to discourage the assembling of a quorum.

Major Emerson, whose safe was robbed of $70,000, has requested a court of inquiry.—The robber is believed to be a soldier named Mallory. He was sentinel at Emerson's room, and has disappeared.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 12.

Charles Woodruff, formerly a merchant of Granada, Miss., has been arrested by telegraphic order of Gen. Thomas on the charge of participation in assassination of Lieut. Landing at that place last April. Woodruff desires an examination and will be sent to Geanada for that purpose.

The Engineers Convention has adopted a series of resolutions looking to the safety of the travelling public against explosion of steamboats.

BRIDGEPORT, Ct., July 12.

At a very large meeting of people at Charles Island today, speeches condemning the President's policy and approving the action of Congress, were made by Governor Hawley, Senator Terry and Theodore Tilton of the N. Y. Independent.

PHILA., PA., July 12.

The Plasterers' Convention assembled today. Delegates were present from Boston, Portland and other leading cities. Reports of various societies occupied the occasion.

NEW YORK, July 12.

The Commercial says:—

The stock speculation shows a slight reaction from the advance of yesterday, the natural result of sales to realize. Governments rather less active.

The decline in gold yesterday and this afternoon and this morning ducked the demand from foreign bankers.

Old 5-20's sold at 107, an advance of ⅛. Money unchanged.

European advices represent an unsettled feeling from fears that France will be drawn into the present complications.

The steady advance in exchange produces an expectation of the renewal of exports in specie, under which gold advanced during the morning.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, July 12.

Cotton firm — sales 270 bales—Middling 35½ a 36c.

Flour—State and western 10 cents lower sales 3,300 barrels—State 6,30@10,00; round hoop Ohio 8,70@12,75; Western 6,30@9,75. Southern—sales 350 bbls. at 10,10 a 19,00.—Canada 8,10 a 12,75.

Wheat dull—sales 16,500 bush.—Milwaukee No. 1 new, 2,29; choice new amber 3,00; old amber Michigan 2,70.

Corn is steady—sales 154,000 bush—mixed western 86@87.

Oats dull and drooping.

Beef steady.

Pork firmer—sales 6,350 bbls—new mess 31,75@32,00.

Lard nominal—sales 350 bbls. at 18¾ @21 per pound.

Rice dull.

Sugars steady—sales 900 hhds. Muscovado 10½@11c.

Coffee quiet.

Nolasses quiet and firm—sales 150 hhds.—Porto Lico 80. Muscovado 50 a 54.

Naval stores steady.

Petroleum lower.

Freights to Liverpool unchanged.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, July 12.

Senate.

After transaction of some local business the tariff bill came from the House.

Mr Fessenden moved to refer it to the Finance committee.

Mr Grimes moved to amend by adding "with instructions to report on second Monday in December."

Discussion arose. Messrs Grimes and Henderson advocated postponement and Mr. Wade spoke against.

Mr Fessenden said the bill as it came from the House would require revision and alteration in its most important points.

Mr Wilson spoke against the bill as full of mistakes and errors.

A motion to postpone the tariff bill until December next was carried—yeas 23, nays 16.

The bill declaratory of an act giving authority to the Secretary of the Treasury to issue registers to vessels in certain cases was passed.

Several bills were reported and the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to place at the disposal, without charge of the city authorities of Portland, Me, such clothing, condemned or ordered to be sold and such surplus camp and garrison, equipage bedding and hospital furniture on hand as can be spared from the army for the use of families rendered houseless and destitute by the recent conflagration; that it shall be the duty of the quartermaster's department to deliver the articles at Portland, and take the receipt for the same from the Mayor of the city, receive and properly dispose of the same when no longer needed.

A resolution was adopted that the Secretary of the Treasury furnish a tabular statement of import duties levied on different articles under each act since 1842, at the next session.

A committee of conference was appointed on the disagreeing amendment to the legislative appropriation bill.

The Niagara ship canal bill was taken up and amended.

The Senate then went into executive session.

Adjourned.

House.

The House resumed the consideration of the Senate's amendments to the legislative appropriation bill, when appropriations in regard to the amendments were agreed and a committee of conference asked.

The question in reference to printing the majority and minority reports of the reconstruction committee made yesterday by Le Blond came up.

Washburne of Illinois said if motion to refer to select committee was withdrawn, the chairman of the committee on printing would explain the matter satisfactorily.

The morning hour expired and the bill went over.

The House then resumed the contested election case of Fuller and Dawson.

Mr Le Blond thereupon withdrew his motion.

Mr Laflin, chairman of the committee on printing, explained that the testimony taken by accompetition committee was handed in and ordered to be printed, 25,000 extra copies being ordered on the 18th of March, that afterwards the report of majority was handed in, and after being printed was sent with the testimony to the binders, and that it was not for ten or eleven days that the minority report was handed in.

The House then ordered the printing of 100,000 extra copies of those reports to be bound together and that order was being carried out.

After discussion, the whole subject was laid on the table—84 to 29.

Alley from the Postoffice committee reported a bill for better protection of internal communications.

He also reported back the Senate bill with amendments, for construction of certain railroad bridges across the Mississippi.

After debate the contested election case was laid over until to-morrow.

On motion of Mr Rice of Me., the Senate joint resolution just received from that body authorizing the President to place at the disposal of the authorities of Portland, Me, tents, camps, and hospital furniture and clothing for the use of the families rendered homeless by the late fire was taken from the Speaker's table, read three times and passed.

A resolution was adopted that the Secretary of War report the number of Union and rebel soldiers who died while prisoners of war.

Adjourned.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S TITHING SYSTEM.—The Salt Lake City Vidette tells us how Brigham Young's financial matters are carried on, and how the faithful are regularly shorn of the fruits of their labor. According to his laws, when a man joins the church one tenth of all his property has to go to the support of it, and one-tenth of all the annual profits of the remainder. If the man has no property, one tenth of his labor has to go to the church; one-tenth of every trade or occupation has to be represented; and, if a man should be idle thirty days, the tithing man claims the profits of three days' labor, on the ground that no one has a right to idle away three days belonging to the Lord. In addition to this, there are the federal territorial, county and town taxes, which are sufficient of themselves to reduce one to poverty. What becomes of all this money no one knows, for no public statement of the finances has ever been made, while it is a curious fact that the tithing officers have the largest farms, the best stock and the most wives of any of the inhabitants in the territory.

THE PRUSSIAN NEEDLE GUNS—A STATE SECRET. A foreign letter speaking of matters connected with the impending war, says: "These Prussian guns are well known in America; that is, as well known as anything can be which is kept so profound a secret. The explosive material which is used in manufacturing the cartridge, is a compound of ingredients known only to one man—the inventor; and so determined is the Government that the secret shall not escape, that that man is guarded night and day by a squad of twelve soldiers; every letter which he writes is inspected, and he is not allowed to communicate orally with any person except in the presence of his guard. The same man has applied his invention to a different purpose than that of a cartridge, inflammable at the touch of a needle. He makes a kind of shell, not much larger than a bullet, which explodes after it enters the body of a man, tearing the limbs to pieces with resistless force."

The Congressional Caucus to-night was fully attended, and the speakers were enthusiastically applauded. A Committee was appointed to examine the condition of such business as must be transacted, to report at a called meeting. It was the wish of the caucus that the proceedings should not be fully reported.

President Johnson's request that his Cabinet endorse the call for the Philadelphia Convention, is not acceptable to some of them, and we have the old stories of resignations revived.—[Special to Boston Journal.

THE JOHNSON CONVENTION. "Burleigh," the New York correspondent of the Journal, says the new political movement will not find the road as smooth as was anticipated. "A third part in this country has never been successful for any length of time. The Democratic party in this city have no idea of abandoning their principles or their organization. They are willing to accept any aid that can be rendered to them. They will accept letters from Mr. Johnson, Mr. Seward or Mr. Welles. They will cheer their sentiments to the echo when they accord with their own. They will go into the proposed Johnson Convention just as far as they can control it or use it, but no farther. On the other hand the Union party are as consolidated as an army corps. The few men who have been disaffected are without a party and without influence. They have not been able to break the ranks of the party nor to rally a corps of the disaffected. And the party will stand shoulder to shoulder in defense of the principles which called the party into being, and so far have given it success. Those who have sought to introduce a new order of things find themselves in mortifying alliance with men who have opposed the Federal arms and Federal success and have given their sympathy to the rebels.—Call a meeting in New York to-day to "sustain the President" as it is called, and Tammany Hall will send forth her scores, Mackerelville will turn out its unwashed hundreds, and the bloody Sixth and kindred localities will be largely represented. Such a constituency has a very dampening effect on a loyal people who have spent treasure and blood in fighting rebels abroad and copperheads at home.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 10.

The Metropolitan police bill came up in Senate this afternoon. Gov. Brownlow's nominees were elected.

It is known that there will be a quorum in the House to-morrow.

Paymaster Remington's safe, in his office, was broken open last night, and $1000 abstracted therefrom. Some of the members of the 16th Infantry are suspected and are closely watched.

Major Rowan's oil well, at McManville, took fire Friday evening and burned all night, thwarting all endeavors for extinguishment.

—Henry W. Longfellow of Cambridge has $200 to the Portland sufferers; George T. Noyes of New York $1600.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

THE CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE TO-DAY. The multifarious attractions which will be offered to-day and to-morrow, by the great Quadruple Combination of Messrs. G. F. Bailey & Co., on the lot on the Hampden road, near the Bangor House, will doubtless fill their canvass to its capacity at each exhibition. Its magnitude, its reputation as a first class Menagerie and Circus, together with the many novelties they present, will no doubt insure them a great business in Bangor. It will be remembered that the Hippopotamus, exhibited by Messrs. Bailey & Co., is the only one in America, and is well worthy the attention of the curious.—An interesting as well as instructive lecture will be delivered at each exhibition, afternoon and evening, by Prof. Ellingham, concerning its habits, history, method of capture, &c. Among the rare curiosities on exhibition will be a cage containing a lioness, with four baby lions, about two months old, and as playful as kittens. There is also a living specimen of the Yak, from the Steppes of Tartary, the only animal of his species on this continent, and a den of Numidian Lions fresh from their native jungles, and exhibited in public, for the first time, in Springfield a few weeks since. Our cotemporaries speak of the Circus department, as being very superior, and among the list of performers we find some of the best names in the professors.

We are requested by the management to announce that on Saturday Morning, commencing at ten o'clock there will be an exhibition of the Menagerie, Hippopotamus and Performing Elephants, without the circus, for the benefit of families, schools and children.

—We are indebted to Mr. Holmes of the steamer Lady Lang, and also to the Penobscot River Express for evening papers of Wednesday.

—The Annual Meeting of the European and North American Railroad Railroad Company takes place in this city on the 17th instant. Directors will be chosen and some alterations made in the by-laws probably.

—The Calais Advertiser relates the particulars of a fatal affray between two millmen in Magagudavic. The surviving party is in St. Andrews jail. No names are given.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY. John S. Chadwick, Esq., Agent for the Union Insurance Company of Bangor, has just returned from Portland. Fortunately, the company had a small amount at risk there, and only a portion of the property was burned. Mr. Chadwick settled and paid every loss, giving the parties the full amount claimed. The amount paid was $3775. Such promptness is truly commendable, and we trust that foreign insurance companies will imitate it.

MESSRS. STEVENS, HASKELL & CHASE of Portland, wholesale dealers in Boots and Shoes, not discouraged by having their stock destroyed in the late conflagration, have taken rooms at No. 33 Commercial Street, and are now prepared to wait on their customers as heretofore. See advertisement.

PERSONAL. His Excellency Governor Cony is in town stopping at the Penobscot Exchange.

A CURIOUS CASE. Recently a gentleman living in the town of Hudson on going into his pasture discovered a favorite and valuable young horse bleeding profusely from a wound in the side. From the shape of the wound, the gentleman concluded the animal had run violently against a sharp point of wood or had been "hooked" by some of the horned cattle in the field. The next day the horse died, and a dissection discovered lodged in his liver some eleven inches from the aperture of the wound a large iron spike three inches in length with a flat head nearly two two inches in circumference. It was at once seen that no accident had caused the death of the horse, and his owner laid the case before Detective Walker of this city.—The shape of the spike precluded the idea that it was shot into the animal from a musket or pistol. How, then, could it have been thrown with such force as to penetrate eleven inches? Here was a difficulty certainly. It was soon surmounted. The officer bethought him of the various weapons of warfare, when, quick as a flash, the solution came; his youthful experience furnished the key—it was shot from a bow gun. Inquiry developed the fact that a boy in the neighborhood who had grown up will almost had been known with a bow gun to shoot a spike through an inch board at twenty paces. This boy had been seen in the pasture. He was arrested on a warrant issued here, whereupon he made confession of the act, alleging that his only object was to see the horse run. He is likely to pay dear for his curiosity, and to have time at the county's expense to repent him the strength of his bow. He is now in jail in this city, awaiting trial.—[Times.

—It is peculiarly hard that almost the only insurance company ruined by the Portland fire is precisely that one which had the greater number of risks upon the dwellings of the middling and poorer classes of mechanics and others—losses which can be borne less easily than most others. We trust the benevolence of New England will be largely extended to such sufferers as these.

—The Anson Advocate says that Albert, son of John Patten of that town was drowned while bathing on Sunday last.

—Up to Monday last more than $75,000 had been subscribed in Boston for the Portland sufferers.

—The editor of the Portland Zion's Advocate, who was also pastor of the Federal street church, has lost office, church and house, and his congregation were mostly burned out.

—Despatches have been received from San Francisco, Chicago, Milwaukee and other places, stating that material aid would be furnished to Portland.

—The Farmer says that the office of Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General and Chief Mustering and Disbursing Office for Maine, will be closed at Augusta on the 31st inst. and all future business connected therewith will be transferred to the headquarters at the department in Boston.

—Anthracite coal was first used in this country in the Wyoming Valley by two Connecticut blacksmiths in 1768-69, but it was not till 1808 that it was used for domestic purposes in the common grate. In that year Judge Fell of Wilkesbarre, recorded the fact that he had made the experiment of burning the anthracite stove coal of the Valley in a common fire-place, and found it answering all the purposes of fuel.

—The late S. S. Rawson, who was a few weeks since, found dead at the Washington lodging house, San Francisco, was a graduate of Waterville College, Maine, in the class of 1838. Among his classmates were Hon. James Brooks, of the New York Express, and Rev. Drs. Chapin and Cummings, well known divines in the East.

—The hostilities in Europe excite the intensest anxiety among the seventy thousand Germans in St. Louis. The feelings of a majority of them are with Austria, or rather against Prussia.

—The Grand Trunk depot at Point St. Charles, Montreal, was consumed by fire on the evening of the 4th inst. The building was a large passenger and freight depot, and the loss must be heavy.

CANAAN, July 10, 1866.

To the Editor of the Whig:

Luther F. Ralf of Canaan, a member of Co. M, 1st Maine Artillery, wounded while on duty before Petersburg, June 18th, 1865, suffered amputation of the leg above the knee last week. The operation was performed by Dr. Manson of Pittsfield, assisted by Drs Low and Pushor.

Mr. Ralf is 26 years of age—was wounded near the ankle, the bone being injured, from which disease has slowly but very painfully advanced, until after two years of severe suffering with an emaciated body and broken constitution, he has been obliged to leave his leg.

We are pleased to learn that notwithstanding the extreme hot weather, the prospect is fair for his recovery.

KENDALL'S MILLS, July 11, 1866.

Messrs. Wheeler & Lynde:

I see by an extract from the Eastern Mail, published in the Whig this week, that Waterville ships more potatoes than any town in the State save the city of Bangor. I am not a little surprised that Ephraim in his sober moments, should allow himself to make such a statements. I think he must have imagined a dam across the Kennebec, and two large cotton factories in full blast, or he would not have allowed such a statement to have gone forth.

Waterville ships the least potatoes according to its population of any town from Skowhegan to Augusta. One man (A. H. Fletcher) has sent to Boston from Skowhegan the past winter, some forty thousand bushels, and from this little town some three times as many have been shipped as from Waterville.

A SINGULAR REMINISCENCE. The Press says that during the revolutionary war, when Mowatt burned the town of Portland, an infant of but a few weeks of age was removed from a house on Fore street below India street, and was taken out of town for safety. The house was burned down. During the conflagration of last week, that same infant was removed from a house erected on the spot where stood the one burned by Mowatt, from which ninety years ago she had been—removed, and taken to a place of safety once more.

It was the venerable Miss Hannah Thorlo the daughter of Capt Peter Thorlo. Her father run a packet from Portland during the revolutionary war and after. She is now 91 years of age, of infirm health, but possessing a remarkably bright mind. Fortunately the house of her childhood was untouched by the fire, though it was supposed at one time that every building in the vicinity would be destroyed.

—It is reported that a marked change in the Horse Shoe Falls at Niagara has occurred within a few days. Large portions of rock have given way, in the centre of the shoe, giving the fall now more of a triangular appearance, which is said to add to its beauty. It has been demonstrated that the falls recede ten or twelve inches a year.

—The Concord Statesman tells a good one about the mother of Hon. Joel Eastman, now over a hundred years old. Upon a recent visit he remarked, on leaving, that he might never see her again. "Why," (was the interrogatory of the old lady,) "you are not about to die, are you, Joel?"

—A man appeared before an army surgeon at Philadelphia last week, an applicant for pension, having upon his body the scars of twenty-two wounds received in the late war.

—A son of Mr. Morse, the telegraph inventor, was rescued from beneath a train of cars at Stamford, on the Fourth, by the foreman of an engine company, who was handsomely rewarded.

A HUNDRED MILES AN HOUR. A balloon that escaped from Hartford on the 4th of July, was caught in Stratford, N. H., two hours and forty minutes afterwards, having in that time travelled between two and three hundred miles.

—The Government, so the Nashville papers say, once owned in the western part of that city a vast wood pile, containing at least fifteen thousand cords. Some officers were looking for it the other day, but there was not a stick to be found—all had been stolen.

—The losses by fire thus far during the year 1866 have been enormous, and they exceed the aggregate losses for any previous year. The reported losses for 1866 amount to $44,286,000, while those for the entire year of 1865 were $43,189,000, and no previous year reported an aggregate of over $30,000,000.

—Among the losses by the fire was the steam fire engine Casco in the engine house near the Eastern Cemetery. She was out of repair. The old Cataract, the mother of the Fire Department, was also burnt. She was brought from England in 1802, and was kept as a relic; but the firemen were too busy to attend to either of these machines.—[Portland Star.

Norton & Doble

HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING

In all its branches at lowest rates. Also Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Edge Tools—Pairs of all kinds done to order. nov17 tf

Yellow Sheathing Metal

AND

COTTON DUCK.

BRIDGEWATER Yellow Sheathing Metal, and Wheelwright Cotton Duck, and other articles, of the lowest manufacturers' prices. Constantly on hand for sale by S. H. DALE & CO. april 26—3m

Granulated Sugar.

100 BBLS. Standard GRANULATED SUGAR. GEO. C. PICKERING, June 16—1m No. 45 West Market Square.

HARPER and Leslie's Book of Fashions, received by CHAS. HIGHT. mch 26

The Place to Get GOOD SIGNS

Of every description, *CHEAP*, IS AT

MARSTON & SON'S,

Store 127 *EXCHANGE STREET.*

ICE,

From the Merrill and Bruce Ponds.

FAMILIES, HOTELS, SALOONS & MARKETS, furnished by the MONTH, SEASON AND YEAR, on reasonable terms.

J. & G. G. Hathaway.

april 9—tf

FANS! FANS.!

A NEW STOCK

JUST RECEIVED AT

WHITE'S.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY.

And all other Repairing done to order at DANIEL WHITE'S, No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge. July 2.

Hair Preparations!

CLOCK'S RESTORER. Hall's Tabbetts' Barretts. Rings, Knowles' Peases' Webster's Godfray's Todd's, Mrs. Allen's, Miss Wilson's, Prof. Wood's, Friend's, and many many others.

All of which will be sold at wholesale manufacturer's prices. Be sure and call on the real agent. june 21 B. F. BRADBURY.

Strayed or Stolen.

From the enclosure of E. BUKER, on Broadway, on the night of June 21st, 1866, one red cow six years old with calf. Will come in about the middle of August. She is in high flesh, and would make good beef.

Whoever will find said cow or thief or give information where either may be found, shall be suitably rewarded.

Any information may be sent to Simon F Walker Constable, Bangor, or to the subscriber.

CHARLES W. JAQUES

Bangor, June 23, 1866.

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the style and firm of

HILLS & BAKER,

for the purpose of carrying on the

BOOT, SHOE, HAT & CAP BUSINESS,

At the old stand recently occupied by Wm. Margesson, Esq., West end Kenduskeag Bridge.

Bangor, May 1st, 1866. S. R. HILLS, A. P. BAKER.

Having purchased the Boot and Shoe Stock of WM. MARGESSON, consisting of a general assortment of

Mens' and Womens' Custom Work,

Nearly all of which was manufactured by Mr. Margesson, we have added an extensive and desirable selected stock of

LADIES' MISSES' & CHILDRENS'

BOOTS and SHOES,

From the best manufacturers in New England. Also, a fine assortment of

HATS AND CAPS

OF THE LATEST STYLES,

All of which are fresh and new. We shall continue the boot and shoe, together with the Hat and Cap business; also,

Custom Work and Repairing

done to order and at short notice.

Particular attention given to repairing, as we have one of the BEST workmen in that department in the city. We would say to all old customers that we shall continue to keep a large stock of Mr. Margesson's CUSTOM BOOTS and SHOES, which we shall sell at the lowest prices.

MR. HILLS having had long experience in the business—the past four years of which has been in the employ of Mrs. Thos. Hersey, of this city, feels confident that he can serve satisfactorily all who may favor him with a call.

We would solicit a continuance of old patronage, and invite all our friends and the public generally to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

HILLS & BAKER,

AT THE MARGESSON STAND,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

Bangor, July 4th, 1866. 3m—wbm.

RUSSEL'S

UNION MOWER.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

RUSSEL'S SUPERIOR MOWER!

IT is pronounced by all who have witnessed it, operation to be the most compact, most durable, and the cheapest MOWER ever manufactured, combining as it does all the grand principles which constitute a PERFECT SINGLE MOWER. Its weight is balanced in the most approved manner, and is the lightest draft of any in use, being 25-100 lighter than any other machine.

Call at Norombo Market and examine it before purchasing.

I have a UNION MOWER for sale, which was used part of last season.

Eben French, AGENT.

July 2

The Best Stationery

in the market is furnished at

Bartlett's Book Store.

NAMES OR COMBINED INITIALS Stamped upon Paper and Envelopes to order, at a slight charge.

SINGLE INITIAL STAMPING, FREE. COLORED STAMPING neatly executed.

july 5

Very Choice English Breakfast and OOLONG TEAS,

—AT—

MUTUAL STORE.

HABER and GODEY, July received by CHAS. HIGHT. June 21

War Claim & Pensions

Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty, and all Claims for Military Service in the present War secured by

DANIEL SANBORN,

Office, Corner of Franklin and Hammond Streets over C. S. Getchell's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.

HALF PAY, Pensions for the Widows or Minor Children of those killed in service.

$100 BOUNTY for the Widows or Minor Children or Heirs of deceased Soldiers who have died in the service.

Information by mail or otherwise, given gratis, Fees for service moderate, and suited to the times.

DANIEL SANBORN, Pension Agent, Hammond and Franklin Sts.

FLOUR!

TUFTS, BROWN BROTHERS, PLANT & CO. And other Choice Brands of

FLOUR,

AT THE

MUTUAL STORE.

June 21—1md

Tenement for Sale.

Corner of French and Garland Streets. Enquire at 44 Exchange Street. June 14 M. LINCOLN.

House for Sale.

A desirable House on Larkin St., belonging to Capt. E. P. Lansil—in good repair, with hard and soft water. Terms easy. Enquire of GEO. LANSIL, may8 tf No. 1 Main Street.

HOTEL

FOR SALE OR RENT. Enquire of may17 S. H. BLAKE.

For Sale.

MY DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT, situated on Bower street, in Bangor. Apply to J. CHAMBERLAIN, Office, corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts. april 16—tf

THROUGH TICKETS TO THE

WEST!

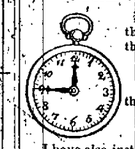
$8.00 less than at any other office, via the

Grand Trunk Railway!

Also, Tickets by all principal Routes through Boston or New York, from Bangor, to the West, North and South West.

For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square. WM. FLOWERS, Jan 18, 1866 Eastern Agent.

Standard Time!



I BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Bangor and vicinity that I have purchased at great expense, a

REGULATOR,

that has no superior in the country as an

Accurate Time-Keeper.

I have also just received a superior stock of ENGLISH, SWISS and AMERICAN

WATCHES,

In Gold and Silver Cases.

Which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Every Watch will be warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

CLOCKS and FINE GOLD JEWELRY.

Thanking the public for their liberal patronage during the past five years, I would say that all Watches left in my care will be carefully repaired and warranted.

W. F. Weeks,

In Chas. Hight's Book Store.

NO. 3 SMITH'S BLOCK.

June 26—1m

FOR SALE.

A TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE in Brewer, within eight minutes walk of Bangor Post Office. A good location for any one doing business in the city.

Inquire at FARRINGTON BROTHERS' Store, West side Penobscot Square, Brewer, near the Bridge. june29—2awtf

Fire Engine for Sale.

A SECOND HAND "HUNNEMAN" TUB, seven inch cylinder, in perfect order, built expressly for an independent Company, and in all respects a splendid machine. Will be sold cheap if applied for soon. For further particulars and price, apply to GEO. J. WALL, at steamer Katahdin.

For Sale Cheap,

ONE LIGHT SECOND-HAND CARRIAGE. Call at WHITON & TEATON'S.

june 26—tf

NEW GOODS.

THIN HATS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &C.

Fine French Calf Boots and Shoes,

Made on "Blumer Last;"

Ladies' Nice Serge Boots,

At T. HERSEY & CO.'S,

June 29 20 Main Street.

WANTED!

5,000 lbs. Strawberries,

25,000 lbs. Raspberries,

10,000 lbs. Blackberries,

In large or small lots—from pickers, for which CASH WILL BE PAID.

EMERY & INGALLS.

Bangor, June 29th, 1866—6w

EBEN STEVENS,

MANUFACTURING

JEWELER & ENGRAVER,

No. 36 Hammond Street,

Opposite the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.

N. B. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch june 14—tf

Fire Engine for Sale.

The well known small hand FIRE ENGINE "PILOT," is for sale. This Machine was made by "Button," is very powerful for its size, having played 175 feet ahead through a three-fourths nozzle,—is complete in all respects, with suction hose, pipes, nozzles, connections for hose, &c., all in good order. Its works are all made of composition metal, and therefore much more durable than cast iron arrangements.

The "Pilot," would be very suitable for a small town, or manufacturing establishment. The Engine House is also for sale. J. FENNO.

June 11

Flour!

150 BBLS. OF EXTRA STATE FLOUR, now arriving, and for sale by CHAS. GEO. WILSON & CO., June 11 117 Exchange St.

The Best Assortment

—OF—

Choice Family Groceries,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE,

FOR SALE AT THE

MUTUAL STORE.

june 21—6md

Havana & Domestic CIGARS! AND TOBACCO

OF ALL GRADES.

Chas. G. Wilson & Co.,

May 24 117 EXCHANGE ST.

A NEW STOCK

—OF—

Room Papers,

JUST OPENING AT

121 Exchange Street.

June 1

Slating.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons wishing to have SLATING done, that we are prepared to do it AS WELL and AS CHEAP as any other. Our prices will be from one dollar to one dollar and fifty per square, according to size of slate. Repairing done at the shortest notice. All orders left at No. 33 Pine Street. mch 24—d2ow C. & C. R. DURGIN.

Hydraulic Cement.

300 BBLS. FRESH GROUND NEWARK CEMENT, now landing from the brig Isabella Jewett, and for sale by JAMES B. FISKE, may 15 No. 18 Broad Street.

Indelible Pencils.

COMBS, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Scissors Knives, &c., for sale by CHAS. HIGHT. July 4

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig & Courier

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

The following poem is now going the rounds of the German-American press. It was originally written by Robert Prutz, of Stettin, Prussia, and appeared first in the Neu Stettiner Zeitung, about the middle of May last. The author was arrested by the government for his temerity. But this did not prevent the republication of the poem in the Neu Elb Anzeiger, whose publisher, however, shared the fate of Prutz. The few stanzas which we translate may serve to show something of the spirit of this German Marseillaise:

MAY, 1866.

Yes, this is war! I hear the trumpets sounding;
The drums beat out, and call from place to place:
Arm steam and chargers o'er the field are bounding.

One squadron presses on another flashing,
The curling banners in the breeze are streaming,
The doors of Janus are thrown open, crashing.

Why green the fields? Why is spring's fragrance flowing?
The harvest comes apace, and then the Reaper
Will march with bloody swath around his mowing.

Instead of flowers, 'twill rain an iron hail,
Instead of laughing groups of youth and maidens,
We now shall hear woe's wild and piercing wail.

And then comes on with pallid cheeks of terror,
Her scabby body wrapped in filthy rags,
The Plague, and asks for what the battles leave her.

And who the foes, that whet their swords for slaughter?
Backi and Calmuck? Will they meet together
Along the margin of Rhine's limpid waters?

Is it perchance the third Napoleon? No: 'tis others!
Alas! 'tis Germans, in this desperate combat,
Shall struggle hand to hand with German brothers!

And yet this war may prove a common weal,
For I have heard the fathers lately saying
That where no balsam cures the blood would heal.

But then this war by diplomatic inflicted,
Begot in Cabinet at midnight hours,
Was not the contest that these were predicted;

That is the war from whose besprinkled ground,
The rose of freedom shall grow up to heaven,
And with its sweetness cooling every wound.

It is the final conflict that we fight!
No sooner drops the sword into the scabbard
Than day shall dawn upon this long, long night.

Hear then, ye Princes! Ere the flames are flaring
Before you plunge the millions into ruin:
Ere brother's hand his brother's heart is tearing:

Oh hear, ye Kings! your golden sceptres bearing,
Oh, hear the people cry us in their sorrow!
And spare, oh spare, while yet 'tis time for sparing!

If once you loose the fiend 'twill be too late:
When once his talons in our flesh are quivering,
We then shall learn to curse you and to hate.

Already roars the sea! A thousand streams are breaking,
Silent are all your oracles of state.
The floods mount up! Your dykes are yielding:
You would conjure it: then abide your fate!

PLEASANT PLACE OF RESIDENCE. Dr. Livingston's book of travels and exploration in Africa is interesting. In the course of its description of the smaller animals he encountered, we find that the river rats are credited by the explorer as being endowed with an almost human love of fun and frolic:

"Their sense of the ludicrous is quite exquisite. The facetious little wretches often indulge in a hearty laugh. They would scamper over the faces of the travelers as they lay asleep, and awaking them from their slumbers, indulge in a loud 'He! he! he!' at having performed the feat. They actually screamed with laughter at vain attempts made in the dark to bring their ill-timed merriment to a close. Scorpions, centipedes and poisonous spiders also were not unfrequently brought into the ship with the wood, and found their way into the beds. It is said that when they remain a few weeks on board, their poison loses its virulence. Snakes often floated down the river, and climbed on board by the chain-cable. Some poisonous ones were caught in the cabin. Troops of cock-roaches invested the vessel, not only eating round the roots of the nails, but even devouring the food, flannels and boots. The soil of Africa teems with white and black ants. They are caught in countless numbers by the natives, and roasted bodies, resembling grains of soft rice fried in delicious fresh oil, form a favorite dish. The ants appear to possess a gift not unlike that of language. If a part of their house is destroyed, an official is sent to examine the damage, and after a careful survey of the ruins, he chirrups a few clear and distinct notes, and a crowd of workers begin at once to repair the breach. When the work is completed, another order is given, and the workmen retire, as will appear on removing the soft, freshly built portion. The party was attacked one night by battalions of a small species, not more than one-sixteenth of an inch in length. They were under regular military discipline, carrying out the plans and stratagems of some eminent leader. Large bodies of the little pests were massed in silence round the hands and necks which were the first object of attack. The sharp, shrill word of command was two or three times repeated, and the instant after the storming hosts would range over head and neck, biting the tender skin, clinging with a death-grip to the hair, and parting with their jaws rather than quit their hold."

In war carried on by one of the Popes a general engagement became, from the position of the two armies unavoidable. A cardinal went through the ranks exhorting the papal troops to exertion, for the honor of the states of the Holy See, following this up with a complete remission of all their sins, and concluding with an assurance that such of them as died that day would dine with the angels in heaven. After this seasonable harangue, His Eminence was retiring, which a soldier observing, said to him:

'And you, my Lord Cardinal, won't you remain with us, and go and dine in Paradise?' 'My friend,' replied the Cardinal, 'I should gladly be of the party, but my dinner hour has not yet come; for I have no appetite.'

A Dutchman in Cincinnati was severely thrashed by his wife, and while smarting under the affliction, he complained to the Mayor, and had his better-half arrested for outrage, whereupon she was fined three dollars and the costs; but she not having the money, her husband was called upon to fork over, upon which he opened his eyes in great surprise, exclaiming: 'Wot for I pay? She vip me.' The statute was explained to him and he paid, but announced that hereafter his wife might thrash him as much as she pleased, but he would never take steps to uphold the 'majesty of the law.'

A good story is told of Wigfall, who, at the collapse of the rebellion, fell into the vicinity of a party of Union soldiers in Texas. Being well disguised, he entered freely into conversation with the soldiers of the guard, and in the course of the conversation asked what they would do with old Wigfall if they were to catch him. 'Oh, we should hang him certain,' was the reply. 'And you would serve him right,' replied Wigfall. 'If I should be with you I have no doubt I should *be pulling at one end of the rope myself*!' The *double entendre* was not suspected, and its wit was therefore lost, but it is worth producing now.

What is that which people wish to have, and then wish to get rid of?—A good appetite.

Why has a clock a bashful appearance?—Because it keeps its hands before its face.

What do we often drop, but never stop to pick up?—A hint.

Adulteration of Confectionery, &c.

The adulteration of sugars, candies and spices, is a trade largely and regularly carried on in New York. Instead of plaster of Paris, which till lately entered so largely into the manufacture of confectionery, in the place of sugar, a new article has been discovered, called *Terra Alba*, or white earth. It comes from Ireland, and costs by the barrel about 2½ cents a pound, while loaf sugar costs 17 cents. The body of candies, and coating of pills, the gums and lozenges are made from this earthy material. It is whiter than plaster, and is much used in the adulteration of flour sold in this market. A glue, paint and oil manufacturer of New York, has sent round his annual circular, to the principal confectioners, calling attention to a fresh arrival of this white earth. Of an ounce of lozenges dissolved in water, two-thirds of an ounce was of *Terra Alba*, and not a particle of sugar in the lot.

The common method of flavoring candies, almonds, sugar-plums, &c., is with deleterious substances. The pineapple flavor, the banana and the peach, are made from fusil oils, which are very poisonous. Bitter almond flavor is made from prussic acid unadulterated. Pineapple flavor is also obtained from rotten cheese, very rotten, and nitric acid.

Gum arabic for pure gum drops is costly. An article has been invented off the most beautiful appearance, that is used instead of the gum. It is very cheap and very poisonous. In pure candy cochineal is used to color red, and saffron for the yellow. But in the common candies poisonous coloring is put, the same that is used to color wines and liquors. One of the most common is called "scarlet," into which arsenic largely enters. A few grains of the substance will color a cask of wine. Liquorice drops for the trade are made of poor brown sugar, glue and lamp black, flavored with liquorice. And for the Western trade much of this vile stuff is packed in barrels, and sent West, to be put up in boxes to suit the market, of which from 75 to 90 per cent. is *Terra Alba*! This material also enters largely into the common chocolates and spices. Much of the cream of tartar used for bread is made of *Terra Alba* and tartaric acid. To aid in this work of adulteration, the government tax on the impure is two cents and on the pure candies four cents a pound. The Board of Health need to look into this candy business. To such condiments does New York confectioner give?

Lord Norbury having been unasked to contribute a shilling to bury an attorney who had died poor, exclaimed, 'Only a shilling to bury an attorney! Here's a guinea to go and bury twenty of them.'

'I am much afraid of lightning,' said a pretty lady. 'And well, you may be replied a despairing lover, 'as your heart is made of steel.'

A cruel wag turned a friend into an enemy by advising him to have his head rescued.

A pert little girl boasted to one of her young friends that her father kept a carriage. 'Ah, but,' was the triumphant reply 'my father drives an omnibus.'

$500 REWARD!

CITY OF BANGOR,
MAYOR'S OFFICE,
May 15th, 1866.

A REWARD OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid by the city of Bangor, for the detection and final conviction of any person or persons who have or shall, during the present municipal year, set fire to any building in this city.

A. G. WAKEFIELD,
Mayor

may 16—tf

NOTICE

TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1866, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tippling Shops, approved March 25th, 1858, and acts additional thereto. In accordance to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take such measures to enforce the provisions of said act as all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next.

H. B. FARNHAM,
City Marshal.

may 16.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

LAND OFFICE, Bangor, June 1, 1866.

In pursuance of law as defined in Chapter 6, Section 32, Revised Statutes, Public Notice is hereby given that the following Schedule of Townships and Tract Lands will be offered for sale on Saturday, the first day of September next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Land Office in Bangor, at a price per acre not less than the minimum fixed in the advertised Schedule.

The sale to be by Sealed Proposals in conformity with the provisions of the foregoing Chapter and Section, which require that ten per centum of the minimum price of the township or part shall accompany each proposal, which sum shall constitute a deposit, and be allowed in the cash payment to be made upon the township or tract purchased.

Payments required to be one-third cash, remainder in three promissory notes payable annually in one, two and three years, with satisfactory bond for payment of stumpage.

The sum deposited by any other bidder, who does not become a purchaser, may be withdrawn by him any time after the bids are declared and made.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

	Min. price per acre.
Part of Township No. 2, R. 3, W. B. K. P. at the minimum of $1.00 for the tract,	
North part of No. 1, R. 6, W. B. K. P., 10,640 acres,	cts 10
Remainder South half 3, R. 4, do, 10,614 acres,	10

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

Sections No. 4, 5, 6, 12, 17, 23 & 24, in Township No. 2, R. 11, W. E. L. S., 4288 acres,	25
DILLSVILLE—Lots No. 4 of S. R. 1; 4 & 5 R. 2; 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, R. 3; and Gore, 1150 acres,	25
ARODSTOOK COUNTY.	
No. 6, W. E. L. S., Sections No. 4, 10, 14, 16, ¾ of 5, and ¾ of 11, 3244 acres,	25
Lot 2, being S. W. ¼ and other parts remaining unsurveyed, 8423 acres,	30
No. 2, W. E. L. S., at the minimum price of thirty cents per acre for the Township; fifty cents for either quarter; and seventy-five cents for selected sections. Proposals deemed most favorable in the aggregate will be received. 22,080 acres,	30
R. 1, W. E. L. S. Sections No. 17; Lots 1 Sec. 18; 2 Sec 18; 1292 acres,	30
Sec. 3; Lots 3 Sec. 4; 4 Sec. 4; 1 Sec. 10; 2 Sec. 10; 3 Sec. 10; 4 Sec. 10; 1 Sec. 16; 2 Sec. 16; 3 Sec. 16; 4 Sec. 16; 3 Sec. 15; 4 Sec. 15, 2851 acres,	40
No. 2, R. 3, W. E. L. S. Lots No. 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 86, 2289 acres,	30
R. 6, W. E. L. S. Section No. 6; Lots 10, 19, 23; N. W. ¼ Sec. 17, 1105 acres,	30

Reserving the privilege of withdrawing Sec. 6.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

T. 17, W. E. L. S.	
W. ½, 5870 acres,	60
S. E. ¼, remainder, 4325 acres,	50

ISAAC R. CLARK,
Land Agent.

june 9

Sale of Timber and Lumber

FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.

LAND OFFICE, Bangor, May 5, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until Saturday, August 11, 1866, for the purchase of the Timber and Lumber upon any township of land belonging to the State, not already selected for the Permanent School Fund, and not otherwise appropriated at the date of the passage of the Resolve authorizing the sale of "Timber and Lumber," for educational purposes, March 23, 1864; or the proposals may embrace a quantity equal to a township, to be selected in townships R. 4, 11, R. 3, 5, R. 3, and 11, R. 1, W. E. L. S. the proposals to specify the sum offered for a permit to take "Timber and Lumber" for the term of ten years.

No proposals will be accepted for a less sum than five thousand dollars, all to be determined on the day fixed for opening proposals.

ISAAC R. CLARK,
Land Agent.

June 6—dts

THE LADY'S MILE, by Miss Braddon; Dr. Kemp; Frank Nelson, or the Runaway Boy; Zadee, by Mrs. Offobant; The Miniature Fruit Garden; New Book of Flowers; Dr. Hamblin's Essay on the Cholera, &c. For sale by

may CHAS. HIGHT.

AN Elegant assortment of FANS, both Silk and Linen; ALBUMS in new styles; French Note Paper, Envelopes, &c., just received by

may 22 CHAS. HIGHT.

100 NEW PIECES of MUSIC, for Piano, voice &c. rec'd by m24 E. F. DUREN.

G. F. BAILEY & CO.'S
GREAT CIRCUS
AND
MENAGERIE

Will exhibit in Bangor for
Two Days Only, July 13 and 14,
COMMENCING IN
ONE STUPENDOUS SHOW
The Specialities and Attractions of no less than
FIVE COMPLETE EXHIBITIONS!
Which will be given under one Pavilion, and for a single admission fee, making it the cheapest as well as the
Most Interesting Exhibition in the World.

FIRST.

That Greatest Marvel of the Animal Kingdom and Antediluvian Wonder, the

Gigantic Hippopotamus,

OR "BEHEMOTH" OF HOLY WRIT,
Imported by G. C. QUICK, Esq., at an expense of over SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, From the White Nile, two thousand miles above the city of Cairo.

SECOND.

SANDS, NATHANS & CO.'S
Performing Elephants,

ANTONY and CLEOPATRA, VICTORIA and ALBERT.

THIRD.

Melville's Australian Circus!

FOURTH.

A Den with Lioness and Four Baby Lions, Only six weeks old, and the most beautiful and perfect specimens ever exhibited.

FIFTH.

G. E. BAILEY & CO.'S
Mammoth Zoological Collection,
AND UNIVERSAL MENAGERIE.

Comprising an assemblage of Living Wonders from all sections of the globe.

Admission 50 cents. Children under ten years, 25 cents.

Doors open at 2 and 7 P.M.; performance to commence a half hour later.

This Great Quadruple Combination will exhibit in Oldtown, July 16th; Corinth, 17th; Newport, 18th; Skowhegan, 19th; Waterville, 20th; Augusta, 21st; Gardiner, 23d.

june 8—d

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, AND TOOLS,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

House, Ship, Carriage,

AND SIGN PAINTERS

Articles generally, at wholesale and retail, and at

LOWER PRICES

Than any other place in the city, at

CHAS. G. WILSON & CO.'S,
NO. 137 EXCHANGE STREET.

apr30

Choice & Rare Perfumery!

GENUINE LUBINS, and various other kinds of rare PERFUMES, at the
BOTANIC DRUG STORE,
No. 1 Granite Block.

may 29

Fine and Coarse Sponges!

CALL AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE for the choicest *SPONGES* of all kinds.
No. 1 Granite Block.

may 29

Select Herbs!

AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE may always be found the finest HERBS to be had in New England. Call at the NEW STORE.
No. 1 Granite Block.

may 29

Hair and Tooth Brushes!

THE best assortment of BRUSHES in this city, at the
BOTANIC DRUG STORE,
No. 1 Granite Block.

may 29

Caution.

ALL persons are cautioned against harboring RUTH HORN, a pauper in the town of Carmel, as I have made suitable provision for her support, and no bills of her contracting will be paid.

LEVI JOHNSON.

Carmel, June 21, 1866. j26—3tw*

FANS! FANS!

PALM-LEAF FANS,
WILLOW FANS,
PAPER FANS,
LINEN FANS,
SILK FANS,
AT
HYDE'S,
June 27—d&w1m NO. 15 MAIN STREET.

LIME.

HALL'S LIME received fresh every week. For sale wholesale and retail, by

may 9 JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON

Cement.

New Fresh Newark Cement,
LANDING from Schr. Olive Avery, for sale by
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,
may 9 80 and 82 Exchange St.

CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.

THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR

DIABETES,

STONE IN THE BLADDER, CALCULUS, GRAVEL, BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER. INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS CATARRH OF THE BLADDER,

STRANGUARY AND BURNING, OR PAINFUL URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most severe symptoms.

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips. A teaspoonful a day of the Constitution Water will relieve you like magic.

PHYSICIANS

Have long since given up the use of buchu, cubebs and juniper in the treatment of these diseases, and only use them for the want of a betterr remedy.

CONSTITUTION WATER

Has proved itself equal to the task that has devolved upon it.

DIURETICS

Irritate and drench the kidneys, and by constant use soon lead to chronic degeneration and confirmed disease.

We present the Constitution Water to the public with the conviction that it has no equal in relieving the class of diseases for which it has been found so eminently successful in curing; and we trust that we shall be rewarded for our efforts, in placing so valuable a remedy in a form to meet the requirements of patient and physician.

STROUDSBURG, PA., Jan 20, 1866.

DR. GREGG:

Dear Sir:—I wish to inform you that I have been under the treatment of some of our best physicians for nearly two years, without receiving any benefit. I had lost all confidence, and I indulged in but little hope of a cure from any source. My disease was Dropsy, and my physicians told me that there was no cure for me. I was tapped some fifty times, and at the different operations, about 7200 pounds of water was removed.

I am happy to inform you that I have been completely restored to health by the use of Constitution Water.

I make this statement hoping it may reach those persons who may be similarly afflicted.

Respectfully,

MRS. MARCILL CLEVANWAY.

IN DYSMENORRHŒA, OR PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, AND MENORRHAGIA, OR PROFUSE FLOWING.

Both diseases arising from a faulty secretion of the menstrual fluid—in one case being too little and accompanied by severe pain, and the other a too profuse secretion, which will be speedily cured by the Constitution Water.

That disease known as FALLING OF THE WOMB, which is the result of a relaxation of the ligaments of that organ, and is known by a sense of heaviness and dragging pains in the back and sides and at times accompanied by sharp, lancinating or shooting pains through the parts, will, in all cases, be removed by the medicine.

There is another class of symptoms arising from IRRITATION OF THE WOMB, which physicians call Nervousness, which word covers up much ignorance, and in nine cases out of ten the doctor does not really know whether the symptoms are the disease, or the disease the symptoms. We can only enumerate them here. I speak more particularly of Cold Feet, Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Memory, Wakefulness, Flashes of Heat, Languor, Lassitude, and Dimness of Vision.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

DANVILLE, Pa., June, 1862.—*Dr. William H. Gregg, Dear Sir*:—In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and in two days after using it I experienced relief, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured of it after regaining my usual good health.

Yours truly, J. V. L. DE WITT.

BOSTON CORNERS, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1861.—*Wm. H. Gregg & Co.—Gents*:—I freely give you liberty to make use of the following certificate of the value of the Constitution Water, which I can recommend in the highest manner:—My wife was attacked with pain in the shoulders, whole length of the back, and her limbs, with *palpitation of the heart and irritation of the bladder*. I called a physician, who attended her about three months, when he left her worse than he found her. I then employed one of the best physicians I could find, who attended her for about nine months, and while she was under his care she did not suffer quite as much pain. He finally gave her up, and said "*her case was incurable. For*," said he, "*she has such a combination of complaints that medicine given for one operates against some other of her difficulties*." About this time she commenced to use the Constitution Water, and to our utter astonishment, almost the first dose seemed to have the desired effect, and she kept on improving rapidly under its treatment, and now superintends entirely her domestic affairs. She has not taken any of the Constitution Water for about four weeks, and we are happy to say that it has produced a permanent cure.

WM. M. VAN BEUSCHOTEN.

WEATHERSFIELD, Conn., March 2, 1863.—*Dr. W. H. Gregg.—Dear Sir*:—Having seen your advertisement of "Constitution Water," recommended for inflammation of the Kidneys and Irritation of the Bladder, having suffered for the past three years, and tried the skill of a number of physicians with only temporary relief, I was induced to try your medicine. I procured one bottle of your agents at Hartford, Messrs. Lee Sisson & Co., and when I had used half of it, to my surprise, I found a great change in my health. I have used two bottles of it, and am where I never expected to be in my life, well, and in good spirits. I cannot express my gratitude for it; I feel that it is all and more than you recommended it to be. May the blessing of God ever attend you in your labors of love.

Yours truly, LEONARD S. BIGLOW.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE $1.

CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS

PRICE 26 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 23 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

WM. H. GREGG & CO.,
Proprietors.

MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
No. 48 Cliff St., New York.

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO.,
apr11 14—3aweow—d&wly Boston.

NICHOLS HOUSE.

The undersigned having leased, for a long term, and thoroughly renovated and refitted the Nichols House (late "Dwinel House") in Bangor, has this day re-opened the same to the public accommodation.

This Hotel is centrally located, and in close proximity with the Boats and Cars.

The Proprietor has had a long experience in the "Parker House," of East Corinth, and the "Shaw House," of Newport, and flatters himself that to all patrons he will furnish an agreeable and comfortable home. Every effort and expense will be used to make this House as popular and attractive as any in this section of the State.

Livery Stable connected with the House.

Coaches in readiness for any business at all hours.

Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the country.

Lemuel Nichols.
(Times)

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. H. HOWARES, as clerk. And by experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*on any other man*.

GEO. PARKS, Proprietor.

Houlton, July 1, 1865. j26

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor.

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the Travelling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good, STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. T. CHICK.

Bangor, November 10, 1864.

Livery Notice.

L. NICHOLS & CO.,

Will carry on the large and enterprising LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT in Bangor, formerly owned by Caleb Billings, Esq., in all its departments.

Teams of all kinds and descriptions furnished at call.

Coaches in readiness for any business at all hours.

LEMUEL NICHOLS.
ALANSON SARGENT.
DAVID VICKERY.

Bangor, May 22d, 1866.

Change in Livery Stock

Having disposed of my interest in the LIVERY STOCK in the Main Street Stable, formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, I would say that I have a

CHOICE LIVERY STOCK

At my old stand on the Hampden road just below the Bangor House, where I should be happy to wait upon old and new customers.

All orders left at the Bangor House for Coaches, Hacks or Livery, will be promptly attended to.

O. M. SHAW.

feb Times

Cholera DISARMED!

The Chief Causes of Pestilence Destroyed

DR. E. COURTAREL'S DISINFECTING FLUIDS. Secured by Letters Patent in the United States and France. Prepared solely by the New York Disinfecting Company, at their Laboratory, Nos. 205, 206, and 207 Henry Street, N. Y. Office, 42 Cedar Street.

This Company, organized on a permanent basis, with Dr. Courtarel, the celebrated French Chemist, in charge of its Laboratory, is prepared to furnish its Disinfecting Fluids for sick rooms, nurseries, urinals, water closets, privies, cesspools, sewers, gutters, ships, railroads, hospitals, prisons, and public institutions of all kinds, slaughter-houses, offal and fat-boiling establishments; all kinds of manure, thereby increasing the value of the latter to every farmer), and wherever poisonous and offensive gases exist. These agents are deodorizers, antiseptics, antiputrescents, and disinfectants in the scientific meaning of the words. They remove noxious gases and vapors by chemical action, leaving in their places *healthful air*, they are DESTROYERS, and *not merely absorbents* of poisonous gases—not injurious to utensils in which they are used.

The attention of medical and scientific men is solicited to the following facts. Although we have testimonials in favor of this great discovery, which, with hundreds of others can be seen at the Company's office.

DELAVAN HOUSE, ALBANY, March 30, 1866.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:

Dear Sir: It is all it is represented to be. We have made many trials of disinfectants, but now consider that we have found an article which surpasses all others as a remedy against all bad odors.

T. ROESSLE & Co.

NEW YORK, April 9, 1866.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:

Dear Sir: We pronounce it without exception to be the best we have ever known. Its effect upon every matter is complete and instantaneous.

C. A. STETSON, Astor House.

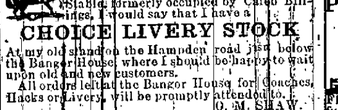
N. B.—These Disenfectants are used by the scavengers, under the direction of the Sanitary Police of the, Metropolitan Health Department, New York.

POWELL & THOMPSON.
42 Cedar St., N. Y.

General and Sole Agents for the United States and the Canadas, to whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale by all Druggists and General Dealers in the United States and Canadas. may 2—3m

Patent Wooden and Metalic Burial Caskets.



HARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS.

I HAVE several new and beautiful patterns of COFFINS and CASKETS, which will exhibit the plate of the lid, on the inside of or, outside, any extra expense, all trimmed in the best style, and sold at the lowest prices. Also, every thing required in the above line, always on hand.

E. H. TIBBETTS.
No's 19 and 20 East Market Square.
Residence—No. 124 Centre Street. may 9

Piano Fortes!

PURCHASERS OF PIANOS are invited to examine the *BEST ASSORTMENT* ever offered in this market, consisting of Instruments from the Factories of

STEINWAY & SONS,
CHICKERING & SONS,
HALLET, DAVIS & Co.,
PAUL HUMPHREY & Co.,
GEORGE M. GUILD & Co.,
ALLEN & JEWETT,
ALFRED NEWHALL.

Ware Rooms, 24 Main Street.

Charles Hale,

Agent for Bangor and Vicinity.

June 13 3taw—3m

FOUND.

WE have just found the place, in our own State to get our *STENCIL WORK* done.

H. W. FOLSOM, of West Waterville, gets the best Stencil Name Plate you ever saw, in the Roman style letter, as plain and neat as the print in this paper, and will mark as plain. Any one can use them as instructions go with each plate. Send him 75 cts., with your name, and he will forward you a Plate, with your name neatly cut in a plain ordinary style, as you may wish, with a bottle of warranted Indelible Ink, directions, &c., all put up in a neat tin case, sent by return mail, if possible, free of expense. He also cuts all kinds and sizes of Plates for marking Boxes, Barrels, Bags, Bales, &c. He has constantly on hand all sizes of Alphabets, Figures, Brushes, &c. Receives orders for Steel Stamps of all kinds, Embossing and Cancelling Presses, &c. All as cheap as can be afforded. Try him. Direct to

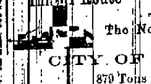
H. W. FOLSOM,
july 28 S&w West Waterville, Maine.

ALFRED HAGART'S HOUSEHOLD;
Miss Ogna McQuarrie,
Also, his Poems and other works
may 19 For sale by E. F. DUREN.

ATLANTIC and YOUNG FOLKS for July, rec'd by
june 25 E. F. DUREN.

PORTLAND and MACHIAS.

Inland Route---Two Trips Per Week.



The New, Substantial and swift-going Steamer

CITY OF RICHMOND,

870 Tons Measurement,

CHARLES DEERING, MASTER,

Will leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evenings, at 11 o'clock, or on arrival of Express Train from Boston, for Rockland, Camden, Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Mount Desert, Millbridge, Jonesport and Machias-Port.

RETURNING, will leave Machias-port every MONDAY and THURSDAY mornings at 5 o'clock.

Going East the Steamer will leave Rockland at 6.30 A. M.; Islesboro' at 7.30; Castine at 8.30; Deer Isle at 9.00; Sedgwick, at 9.30; Mount Desert at 11.00; Millbridge at 2.00 P. M.; Jonesport at 3.30.

Going West the Steamer will leave Jonesport at 6.30 A. M.; Millbridge at 8.00; Mount Desert at 11.00; Sedgwick at 1.00 P. M.; Deer Isle at 1.30; Castine at 5.00; Islesboro' at 5.30; Rockland at 6.00.

ROSS & STURDIVANT,
GENERAL AGENTS.
June 8. 73 Commercial St., Portland, Me.

International Steamship Co

EASTPORT, CALAIS & ST. JOHN.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK,
WITH REDUCED FARE.

On and after MONDAY, June 4th, the Steamers of the International Line will leave Rail Road Wharf foot of State St., every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock, P. M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning will leave St. John and Eastport same days for Portland and Boston.

At Eastport the Steamer Queen will connect for St. Andrews, Robinston and Calais, with the New Brunswick and Canada Railway, for Woodstock and Houlton. Stations and Stage Coaches will connect for Machias.

At St. John passengers take E. & N. A. Railway for Shediac, and from thence for Summerside and Charlottown, P. E. Island, and Pictou, N. S. also at St. John by Steamer Empress for Windsor and Halifax, every Tuesday and Friday evening and for Digby every Monday and Thursday mornings.

Freight received on day of sailing until 4 o'clock, P. M.

For information or through tickets, apply at 22 West Market Square, Bangor.

may 29, 1866.—dtf WM. FLOWERS.

Fare Reduced to Boston.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

UNTIL further notice the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Company will run as follows:

Leave Atlantic Wharf for Boston every evening (except Sunday) at 7 o'clock.

Leaves Boston the same days at 7 P. M.

Fare in Cabin, $1.50
Deck fare, 1.00
Passage Tickets to be had of the Agents at reduced rates.

Freight taken as usual. L. BILLINGS.

May 30, 1866. dtf Agent.

Portland and New York STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships ARIZONA, Capt. D. DIRIGO, Capt. H. SHERWOOD, and FRANCONIA, Capt. W. W. SHERWOOD, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M., and leave Pier 28 East River, New York, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage in State Room, $6. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to

EMERY & FOX,
Brown's Wharf, Portland.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West Street, New York.

Portland, March 24, 1866

GREAT DISCOVERY!

ROGERS'

Excelsior Pain Curer!

THE BEST PREPARATION EVER MADE
FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:

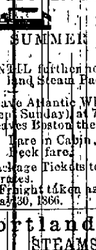
NERVOUS & NEURALGIC PAINS,
NEURALGIA,
RHEUMATISM,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE, EARACHE,
STIFF NECK,
DIPHTHERIA,
SORE THROAT, and AGUE.

Also, invaluable in all cases of
SPRAINS AND BRUISES!

TRY IT, AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED!

Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by W. W. ROGERS, Hampden Corner, Maine. Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO.

may 25—3taw 6m



RING!

Vegetable Ambrosia,
FOR
GRAY HAIR.

This is the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Cure that lay
In the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Man who was bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say.
He used the Cure that lay
In the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Maiden, handsome and gay,
Who married the man once bald-and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say.
He used the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Parson, who, by the way,
Married the maiden, handsome and gay,
To the man once bald and gray,
But who now has raven locks, they say,
Because he used the Cure that lay
In the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Bell that rings away
To arouse the people, and bid gray
Unto this fact, which here does lay—
If you wouldn't not be bald or gray,
Use the Ambrosia that Ring made.

M. TUBBS & CO., PROPRIETORS, PETERBORO', N.H.

WARREN L. ALDEN & CO., General Agents, Main St., Bangor. june 15—3taw d&w3m

TICKS, SCAB, VERMIN!

SheepWash Tobacco

Should be used by all Farmers on
SHEEP, ANIMALS AND PLANTS.

If Farmers and others cannot obtain the article of traders in their vicinity, it will be forwarded free of express charge by J. A. S. F. LEWIN,
Agent South Down Co.
23 Central Wharf, Boston, Mass.

Wholesale and retail Agent—N. S. HARLOW, 4 Smith's Block. mch 2 2m&w

Cholera!

THE PEOPLE are preparing to resist Cholera (and its forerunners, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Dysentery, &c.,) by keeping at hand, ready for use,

"Pavier's Oriental Cholera Remedy,"

The best known remedy, endorsed by the first Physicians and Medical Association.

Positively not made from any American Receipt.

B. F. BRADBURY, and MANN & CURTIS,
Wholesale and retail Agents. may 15—3m*

Maine Central Railroad.

Spring & Summer Arrangement.

ON and after Monday June 4th, current, trains will leave Bangor for Portland and intermediate stations at 7.30 A. M., daily (Sundays excepted), connecting at Portland with express train for Boston. Also, the freight accommodation train at 2 P. M.

Returning, trains are due at Bangor from Portland at 8.00 P. M., and freight accommodation from Waterville at 10.40 A. M.

Through tickets are sold at all stations, as heretofore.

EDWIN NOYES.

June 4, 1866.

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD.

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